Decatur Weekly Republican.

VOL. XXV. DECATUR, ILLINOIS, THURSDAY, OCTOBER 15, 1891. NO. 11

WEEKLY REPUBLICAN.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY BY
HAMSHER & CALHOUN,
B. K. HAMSHER. | W. F. CALHOUN.
Office—125 South Water Street, opposite the court house.

TERMS:
Per Annum, in Advance... $1.00
If not paid in Advance... 1.50

LOCAL NEWS.

TEETH. 33—Hoskins & Moore, dentists.

BOARDING by the day or week at Combs' restaurant. Lunch at all hours.

ABOUT half of the capital stock of the Macon Fair Association has been subscribed.

ISAIAH ABBOTT, of this city, has been granted an original pension through the agency of M. Shea.

BEARSDALE is to have a new store building 22x50 feet, with basement, to be erected by S. E. Bear.

THE burial of H. J. Harrington took place at Macon on Sunday. He was in the 73d year of his age.

HORACE C. PRIEST of this city has been granted a reissue of pension through the agency of M. Shea.

MACON has a social club. S. A. Friedman is president, F. D. Axton vice president, and A. J. Lutz secretary and treasurer.

THE funeral of the late Mrs. J. K. Peck occurred Sunday morning at 10:30 o'clock from Cherry Grove church, Oakley township.

J. N. KEITER and George Boughn, of Warrensburg, have purchased the Houck & Cannon store at Harristown and are now in full possession.

MISS LOUISA OFF, sister of Charles J. Off, who bought the Zach Boughn land in Illini township, died at Peoria Saturday of consumption, aged 40 years.

PETER LUTZ, superintendent of stone work at the court house, fell off the building yesterday and broke one arm at the wrist and partly breaking the other arm.

"ALOHA," the prize-winning running horse owned by J. P. Smallwood, this city, is at the J. M. Simpson stables near Palmer, Ill. He will be kept there through the winter.

REBER HUSTON and family, who have resided in Decatur since spring, will remove to Monticello and make that city their home. It is the purpose of Mr. Huston to build a new residence at Monticello.

C. B. PRESCOTT is home from the hunt and is now, as ever, quite active in presenting the merits of those superb Haines Upright pianos and Packard organs on sale at his music store. Drop in and look at them.

A DAY or so ago a most difficult surgical operation was performed on a Mr. Winings, proprietor of the tile factory east of the city, by Drs. W. J. and C. Chenoweth and Dr. Lonergan. The operation was successful and Mr. Winings is recovering from its effects.

MARRIAGE licenses have been issued to C. H. Lewis, of Christian county, and Annie Mockbee, of Niantic; to A. L. Wood and Miss Sadie Greer, of Christian county; to Zach T. Bell and Miss Rachel A. Click, of Springfield, and to John Lindqvist and Miss Lotta Johnson, of Decatur.

THE Boiling Spring church, north of Decatur, will hold a harvest home meeting, commencing Friday evening, the 16th inst., and lasting over Sunday, attending to the ordinances on Sunday evening, to which all are invited. Some of the Decatur church people talk of hiring hacks and going out.

THE Band concert and festival held last week at the M. E. church at Elwin, for the benefit of the M. E. Sunday school and the Band, proved a great success. The concert netted $55, and the managers feel very grateful to those who attended and by so doing made it possible to raise this snug little sum. By one of the Committee.

Coming Next Week.

Monday evening, October 19, Gilmore's Famous Band of 52 artists, including 4 great vocalists. Grandest concert of the season.

Wednesday evening, Oct. 21, the laughable comedy, "Birds of a Feather." This company includes some of the best comedians in the country.

Friday evening, Oct. 23, Primrose & West Minstrels. Everybody knows this excellent company and the magnificent performance they always give. Everything always entirely new.

Saturday evening, Oct. 24, the well-known comedian, Mr. Frank Daniels, and his company of comedians in "Little Puck."

WEDDING BELLS.

Union of Miss Maggie Leforgee and John B. Hostetler.

On this 14th day of October the orb of day shone brightly as a benison upon the marriage of Mr. John B. Hostetler, of Davenport, Iowa, and Miss Maggie Leforgee, which was solemnized at 9:30 a. m. at the home of the bride's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Robert C. Leforgee, at 266 West Wood street. It was a beautiful wedding and warm and earnest were the congratulations, which were not extended until after the wedding breakfast. Rev. T. W. Pinkerton, of Paris, Mo., former pastor of the Christian church of this city, was the officiating clergyman, using the ring ceremony. Miss Ada Pritchett played the wedding march in an artistic manner. The couple were attended by Miss Jessie Leforgee, sister of the bride, and Gus Hostetler, brother of the groom.

The bride was attired in a very becoming Bedford cord dress, tailor made; hat and gloves to match; ornaments, Marechal Neil roses. The bridesmaid wore a cream crepe-de-chene and pink basket silk; ornaments, Marechal Neil roses.

The wedding was attended by the immediate relatives of the bride and groom and their more intimate friends. The house decorations were in charming taste and the effects were strikingly beautiful. In the parlor where the guests witnessed the ceremony was a large bower of blooming flowers and tropical plants, faced with an arch made of golden rod and smilax. Back of the arch were four white doves. Mrs F. A. Leforgee, aunt of the bride, had charge of the floral decorations. The wedding breakfast was served in the dining room, which was beautifully embellished under the direction of Mrs. Margaret Howard. The colors were in pink and cream, and in the center of the table was an artificial lake, with swans moving about.

The guests were received by Mr. F. A. Leforgee, uncle of the bride, assisted by W. J. Cummings. Friends present from out of the city were Mr. and Mrs. Harry Hostetler and children, of St. Louis, Mo., Mr. and Mrs. F. W. Stafford and child, of Champaign, Rev. T. W. Pinkerton, of Paris, Mo., Mrs. Mary Leforgee and Chenoweth Leforgee, of Champaign. Cards of congratulation and regret were received from Rev. N. S. Haynes, Peoria, Herman J. Zinch, Davenport, Ia., Mrs. Mary Priest, Chicago, Mr. and Mrs. Chinott, Chicago, Mr. and Mrs. R. C. Cochran, Assumption, Miss Effie Cochran, Assumption, Miss Josephine Stamper, Miss Hattie J. Brown, Walter L. Boggs, James Coop, of Decatur.

There was a large collection of useful and ornamental wedding presents, including a handsome antique oak bedroom set from F. A. Leforgee; a life size portrait of little Bess, sister of the bride, from Mrs. Lydia Piper, and a beautiful lace set from the Linn & Scruggs Dry Goods and Carpet Company.

Mr. Hostetler and bride left on the noon train by way of Peoria for their future home at Davenport, Iowa, where the groom is one of the leading photographers of that city. He is a son of Mrs. G. F. Hostetler, of this city. The fair bride is an amiable and intelligent young lady who leaves Decatur carrying with her the best wishes of a host of friends for her future happiness in her new relation in life.

Two Nights of "Fantasma."

This favorite spectacular play will be at the Grand Friday and Saturday nights. Said the Providence *Journal*: "Fantasma," with its pretty music, its bright costumes and its startling mechanical effects, charmed the very large audience that assembled in Low's Grand Opera House last evening. "Fantasma" is an old favorite in Providence, and even were it no better than when last produced here, it would still attract crowded houses. But the Messrs. Hanlon have not been idle. They have strengthened the play materially, so that it is now one of the most amusing spectacular productions ever witnessed in this city. Many of its scenes were ludicrous before; now they are funny enough to keep one laughing half the night. The specialties are better, brighter, and more amusing than ever before, and form not the least enjoyable part of the entertainment.

Yoder will Go.

Some time ago Congressman Scott appointed James Lindsay, of Decatur, as a cadet to West Point. The young man's father has recently died, so the boy will be unable to go, hence his alternate, Mr. Wm. A. Yoder, of Logan county, secures the place. Both young men are sons of Union soldiers.—*Bloomington Pantagraph.*

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—U. S. Gov't Report, Aug. 17, 1889

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

A CLOSE SHAVE.

COWARDLY ATTEMPT AT ASSASSINATION IN MT. ZION TOWNSHIP.

ANOTHER MYSTERY TO BE UNRAVELED

Charles B. Britton Narrowly Escapes Death at the Hands of a Man in Ambush.

From Tuesday's Daily.

Charles B. Britton is a farmer of middle age, who has a wife and five children. He is a tenant on the Eli Ulery place, known as the Hopkins farm, lying 3½ miles southeast of the town of Mt. Zion. Dividing his place and a neighbor's farm is a hedge about shoulder high. Last evening at 7:30 o'clock, while the moon was shining, casting a shadow in the Britton yard near the house, Mr. Britton stepped out of doors within fifteen feet of the hedge. He stood there for awhile, and just as he was in the act of turning around to reenter the house there came a sudden flash of a revolver from the opposite of the hedge, the report causing Mr. Britton to jump as if shot. He plainly heard the singing of the bullet as it passed him, and he turned quickly and looked toward the spot from whence the report came. He saw a dark object behind the hedge in a stooping posture and moving rapidly. Thinking perhaps that more bullets would be fired, Mr. Britton ran for the house, to find his family greatly startled. Miss Blackburn, who is in the employ of the family, was in the act of raising the window to learn the cause of the firing, and when Mr. B. entered in a high state of excitement, the entire family was aroused and a short period of terror prevailed.

GOT HIS REVOLVER.

Mr. Britton at once secured his revolver, intending to go out and pursue the would-be murderer; but Mrs. Britton clung to her husband, and prevented his immediate return to the hedge fence. When he did get outside no trace of the cowardly assassin could be found; there were no tracks discernible, because there is a pasture on the opposite side of the hedge. Mr. Britton returned to the house, and after the excitement had subsided he examined his clothing.

BULLET HOLES.

The examination was not calculated to quiet the nerves of Mr. Britton. He found that the bullet which had been fired at him from ambush with murderous intent had just grazed the front of his vest, tearing off a button and going through the left side of his coat. Had he not turned slightly when the revolver was fired, the bullet would certainly have buried itself in his body in the region of the abdomen. His discovery of the close shave he had for his life made it a sleepless night for Mr. Britton and his family, and this morning the farmer, who did not think he had an enemy in the township, went to Mt. Zion to take the six o'clock train for Decatur. While in Zion he related what had occurred at his home, and at once there was general speculation as to who could have been guilty of such a cowardly act.

Mr. Britton on arriving in Decatur reported the circumstances to Marshal Mason and to all of his personal friends in Decatur. He is at a loss to know what to do to protect himself in the future, except that he will be fully prepared to deal promptly with anyone who may attack him again in like manner.

Said Mr. Britton to the REPUBLICAN reporter to-day: "I will go ahead the same as usual and attend to my own affairs and will not skulk or hide from anybody. I have nothing to fear. I have done wrong to no one. I have had no trouble with anybody in Mt. Zion township, except some months ago I was a witness in a law suit in a justice office in Decatur and my testimony caused a man in Mt. Zion township to pay a debt of over $100. Since that trial I have been accused of swearing to a lie, the author of the accusation saying he could prove it. I have sued that man for $10,000 damages. The case is to come up for trial in the circuit court this week. But I don't say that any of these parties made the attempt to shoot me. I have my theory about the sneaking attack of last night, and in time, if possible, the case will be laid bare. Some one at Dalton City is quoted as saying this morning that I fired the shot myself—just for the effect the attack would have at the slander trial. I would like to have that man make that declaration in my presence. Just look where the bullet ploughed its way through my clothes. Do you think it would be possible for a man to make those holes without burning the clothing by holding the revolver himself? It would be impossible."

IF your HORSE is Feverish, Coughing or Running at the nose, try FEVERINE. It will cure him. For sale by
Oct 15-w1m SWEARINGEN & TYLER.

SEVENTH ILLINOIS CAVALRY.

Reunion at the Post Hall—Over 50 Survivors in the City.

From Tuesday's Daily.

The seventh annual reunion of the Seventh Illinois Cavalry is in progress to-day at the hall of the Grand Army Post, with W. R. Bradley as president and Peter Hoffman secretary. The veterans met to register to-day and received their yellow badges, and to-night the camp-fire and business meeting will be held at the hall. This is the 30th anniversary of the muster of the regiment.

THE VETERANS PRESENT.

Among the veterans who have registered are the following:

James VanHouten, Vermilion, corresponding secretary
A. B. Thompson, Sandford, Ind
Theo. Matherson, Bushnell.
G. D. Aldridge, White county.
I. A. Eastes, Mt. Comfort, Ind.
Simeon P. Powelson, Canton
Michael Freyburger, Shelbyville.
John B. Chandler, Salem.
Isaac Harris, Ramsey.
John Knight, Vernon.
Sam Carson, Ramsey.
J. R. Herring, Canton.
Martin McCune, Bement.
Michael Wagner, Paris.
W. E. VanHouten, Vermilion.
James Sharp, Paris.
P. B. Small, Canton.
John Mathers, Olney.
Wesley McAllister, White county.
Victor Elbert, Shelbyville.
Archie Dickson, Dalton City
John Hays, Riverton.
Andrew Wells, Maxwell, Iowa.
Capt. P. Bartlett, Sublette.
Giles Hodges, Lincoln.
W. S. Girton, Rhodes, Ia
Lieut. S. G. Washburne, Macon.
G. L. Kendall, Dalton.
W. F. Martin, Decatur.
Henry Martin, Decatur.
William Groves, Decatur.
John Q. Adams, Decatur.
W. R. Bradley, Decatur.
Peter Hoffman, Decatur.
John S. Jones, Long Creek.
James Jones, Long Creek.
Robert Carmean, Springfield.
Joseph Wood, Lovington.
Harvey Stookey, Decatur.
D. H. Dunbar, Decatur.
Aaron Mitchell, Alford, Mo.
A. W. Scott, Formosa, Kan.

HISTORICAL.

The Seventh Illinois Cavalry was organized at Camp Butler and was mustered into service for three years October 18th, 1861. The companies were from all parts of the state—A from Paris, Vandalia, Monticello, DeWitt, Normal and other points; B from Polo, Buffalo, Elkhorn, Durand, Chicago, Quincy, Shelbyville; C from Mendota, Amboy, Dixon and other points in the northern part of the state; D from Knox county and adjacent towns; E from Grayville and vicinity; F from Vandalia, Belleville, Salem and Greenville; G from New Haven, Shawneetown, Carmi and adjacent towns; H from Shelbyville, Mattoon, Bement, Jacksonville, Ramsey, Normal and other towns; I from Decatur, Lincoln, Wheatland, Niantic, Macon, Bloomington and other points; K from Canton and Knox county; L from Bushnell and adjacent towns; M from Red Bud largely, and unassigned recruits from various points. The first brush at fighting was in the spring of '62, when the regiment captured a battery of steel breech-loading guns from the famous Jeff Thompson at New Madrid, Mo. It did valiant service in guarding railroad property. At the battle of Iuka the regiment lost forty officers and men, and all through the war the Seventh distinguished itself by weeks of endurance and hard fighting. It was brigaded with the Second Iowa under Colonel B. H. Grierson, and was in "Grierson's Raid," famous in war history. The regiment was in the service four years and three months, and was mustered out at Camp Butler on November 17, 1865. The regimental officers were: Colonels—W. P. Kellogg, Edward Price and J. M. Graham; lieutenant colonels—Edward Price, W. D. Blackburn, George W. Trafton and Henry C. Forbes; majors—Cyrus Hall, Jonas Rawalt, Zenas Applington, Henry Case, Horatio C. Nelson, A. P. Koehler, W. D. Blackburn, H. C. Forbes, J. M. Graham, Asa W. McDonald, George A. Root and Miles G. Wiley; adjutants—Sidney Stockdale, George A. Root and Allen W. Heald; battalion adjutants—Allen W. Heald, George Besor and Charles Wille; quartermasters—Wm. A. Dickeman and J. R. W. Hinchman; surgeons—Clark D. Rankin, Daniel Stahl and Thomas J. Riggs; assistant surgeons—Thomas J. Riggs, O. H. Norrel, Alson J. Gilbert and W. W. Nesbit; chaplain—Simon G. Minor; commissaries—Henry F. Barker and Daniel H. Robbins.

From Wednesday's Daily

The reunion of the survivors of the gallant Seventh Illinois Cavalry regiment that went further in the war and did harder work and fighting than any other similar organization in the service, closed at the hall of Dunham Post this morning. Miss Florence Bradley, daughter of Ex-President W. R. Bradley, this city, elected the Daughter of the Regiment, was introduced to the veterans, and besides giving a pleasing recitation favored the regiment with a song, "Comrades." That the numbers were received with favor was attested by the hearty applause. The final hours were given up to an exchange of war stories and an electric ride to Riverside Park. Resolutions of thanks to Dunham Post for the use of the hall and to citizens for their generous hospitality were adopted. Letters from Comrades Estes, of Eagle Point, Ill., and C. E. Orces, of Kansas City, were read.

CAMP-FIRE.

The veterans had a camp-fire and reception at the Post Hall last night, when reminiscent speeches were delivered by Maj. Joseph R. Herring, of Canton, Maj. E. W. McIntosh, of Decatur, Lieut. Michael Friburger, William F. Martin and Henry Martin.

WILL MEET AT PARIS.

It was voted to hold the next reunion at Paris, Ill.

OFFICERS.

Officers for the ensuing year were elected as follows:

President—J. VanHouten, Vermilion.
Vice-President—st. Waggner, Paris.
Recording Secretary—N. Tucker, Cherry Point.

A separate corresponding secretary was elected for each company, as follows:

A—William VanHouten, Vermilion.
B—George Root, Laurel.
C—Capt. Bartlett, Sublette.
D—N. C. Wood, Galesburg.
E—T. Etheridge, Grayseed.
F—J. B. Chandler, Salem.
G—G. McAltish, Emma.
H—John Shanks, Shelbyville.
I—Henry Martin, Decatur.
J—M. A. Wilhelm, Rose Bud.
K—F. Bumgardner, Decatur.
L—H. M. Boyd, Belleville.

Miss Florence B. Bradley was unanimously named Daughter of the Regiment by the association.

C. M. Ruby, Company I, Champaign, and Marion May, Company I, Warrensburg, were among the veterans who came in to-day after the adjournment.

LADY VISITORS.

Members of the Art Union in the City—Reception To-Night.

From Wednesday's Daily.

Delegates to the Central Illinois Art Union meeting arrived in the city to-day and were present in large numbers at the Congregational church this afternoon when Mrs. R. L. Walston delivered the address of welcome, to which Judge Foley, of Lincoln, responded. Miss Friedley gave a piano solo, and Miss Kuieper a vocal solo. The essay of the afternoon was Dante's "Divina Commedia," by Mrs. Richard Jones, of Bloomington, and Mr. Bunn gave a solo.

THE DELEGATES.

The following is a complete list of the delegates attending the sessions of the Art Union from the cities named, and by whom entertained:

Champaign—Mrs. G. C. Willis, with Mrs. B. O. McReynolds; Mrs. B. F. Harris and Miss Park, with Mrs. T. T. Roberts; Mrs. G. W. Gere, with Mrs. T. L. Evans; Mrs. R. R. Mattis and Miss Mary Grist, with Mrs. W. T. Wells.

Jacksonville—Prof. Patterson, with Mrs. B. O. McReynolds; Miss Gallaher and Miss Morrison, with Miss Roberts; Mrs. W. T. Morley and Mrs. Gates Strawn, with Mrs. Sarah Hill; Prof. Bullard, with Mrs. E. A. Gastman.

Springfield—Gov. and Mrs. R. J. Oglesby and daughter, Miss Felicitie, Madame Chatterton, Mr. and Mrs. Charles Ridgley, with Mrs. J. E. Bering.

Bloomington—Mrs. H. P. Perry, with Mrs. Ira Barnes; Mrs. C. P. Soper, with Mrs. J. M. Clokey; Miss Lucy Luce and Miss Cheney, with Mrs. B. S. Bohon.

Shelbyville—Mrs. Chafey and Miss Chafey, with Mrs. J. Milliken; Mrs. A. Thornton and Miss K. Thornton, with Mrs. J. F. Roach.

Normal—Col. Smith and wife, at St. Nicholas.

Lincoln—Judge and Mrs. Foley, with Mrs. R. L. Walston, Mrs. J. A. Lutz and Miss Clara McChord, with Mrs. W. E. Nelson; Mr. E. G. Hudson and Mrs. F. B. Mills, with Mrs. E. Philbrook; Mrs. Robert Latham, with Mrs. Ira Barnes.

Regrets were received from Mrs. D. F. Carnaham and Mrs. H. Swannell, Champaign; Mrs. Richard Jones and Mrs. H. S. Swayne, Bloomington; Miss Mary Hanna and Miss Morrison, Jacksonville; Mrs. J. A. Lutz and Mrs. F. B. Mills, Lincoln; Mrs. Geo. Haworth, Mrs. Rachel Gallagher and Mrs. Geo. B. Vosburgh, Chicago.

MARRIED.

By Judge Nelson at his office, October 12, Peter Christopher and Miss Rosa Cunningham, both of Shelby county, Ill.

At the U. B. parsonage, 450 North Broadway Oct. 12, at 1 30 p. m., by Rev. J. A. F. King, William Ater and Miss Lyda Settles, both of Monticello.

Chastising the "Review."

EDS. REPUBLICAN: I want to say to the editor of the *Review* that if he stands as high in the estimation of his neighbors as Mr. Scott and Mr. Thomas do in the estimation of their neighbors, he should not be trying to cover up the contemptible meanness of another man because he is a Democrat. The matter of the ticket scratching at the Mt. Zion election is not now a political question. It is now a matter of principle, and every voter in this and all other townships should be ready to help prosecute any man in any party who would stoop so low as to scratch other voters' tickets in order to secure his own election. If the *Review* wishes to uphold men of any party, in such business as that, they ought to stop editing a paper. All men, when they vote, want their tickets to be counted just as they leave their hands, and not scratched by the man that receives them, as was done at the Mt. Zion election—at least the proof all centers at that point. If we can't have honest work at our elections, our liberties and freedom are gone.

MT. ZION, Oct. 12, '91. A VOTER.

PERSONAL MENTION.

Born, to Mr. and Mrs. Silas Moore, Oct. 8, a son.

Born, to Mr. and Mrs. J. S. Cox, on East Cantrell street, on Tuesday, Oct. 13, a son.

Mrs. E. J. Hart has returned from Denver, Colo., and will in the future reside with her son, Lucien Hart, in this city.

F. W. Greene and brother-in-law, W. T. Wilkinson, of Keokuk, returned yesterday from a prospecting tour of the Southern states. The gentlemen have decided to engage in the coffee and spice business at Mobile, Ala.

Mrs. Roland Sampson, of Lincoln, Neb., is at the Hotel Brunswick, the guest of her sister, Mrs. J. D. McGaffey. She is accompanied by her daughter. Mrs. S. is the wife of the State deputy land commissioner for Nebraska.

Springfield *News*: The many friends of Mr. E. S. Rodgers are sorry to learn of his severe illness. He has summoned to his bedside his children, R. W. Rodgers, of Chicago, H. A. Rodgers and wife, of Decatur, L. E. Rodgers, of Decatur, and G. A. Rodgers and E. S. Rodgers, of Chicago.

The announcement is made of the approaching marriage of Miss Tacy G. Entrekin, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. W. W. Entrekin, to Newton Davis, on Tuesday morning at 10:30 o'clock, October 20th, at the home of the bride's parents, in Kingston, Ohio. The groom is at present Decatur's city treasurer, and holds a responsible position with Pratt & Co. The couple will be "at home" after November 3d, at 247 West Eldorado street.

The County Assembly.

The quarterly meeting of the Macon County Assembly, F. M. B. A., was held Tuesday at the city hall. W. P. Davidson, former secretary, was elected president, and five delegates to the state meeting were chosen.

DIED.

At St. Mary's Hospital, of consumption, October 10, Cornelius Donahue, of Ivesdale, aged 29 years.

The remains were sent to Ivesdale Saturday evening for interment. The deceased was a brick manufacturer, and one of the leading citizens of Ivesdale.

Near Forsyth, October 11, of typhoid fever, Annie McIntosh, aged 4 years, 1 month and 9 days.

At the family residence at 334 East Whitmer street, October 11, the son of Mr. and Mrs. Andrew Lord, aged 4 months.

Of typhoid fever, at the home of his son, George Ford, five and one half miles southwest of Decatur, Oct 13, J. A. C. Ford, aged 69 years.

The deceased was an old resident. He leaves five sons, George Ford, Berry Ford, Franklin Ford, of Reynolds, Neb., Wesley Ford, of Rexford, Kan., and Alexander Ford.

JUST before closing the term of court last Saturday, Judge Bookwalter appointed Hiram Lynch master-in-chancery. Several members of the bar were applicants, as this is a legal and not a political office. Much dissatisfaction is expressed, as it is said that an unanimously signed petition of the bar asked for the appointment of a lawyer to this position.—*Paris Republican.*

Abel's Carpet House, Decatur,
Leads Central Illinois trade in Stylish Patterns, Wall-paper, Curtains, Oil Cloth, Chinese Mattings, Silks, Mouldings, all kinds and quality of Carpets. Remember we are exclusive dealers. 14-d2-w1

One Pure Baking Powder.

Like Telling a Secret.

A story is told and it is a true story that over seventy per cent. of all the baking powders sold contain either alum or ammonia, and many of these powders contain both. The ill effects upon the system of food raised by alum or ammonia powders are the more dangerous because of their insidious character. It would be less dangerous for the people were it fatal at once, for then such food would be avoided, but their baneful action because imperceptible at first and slow in its advances, is no less certain.

Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder is declared by all authorities as free from alum, ammonia or any other adulterant. Its purity has never been questioned, and while it does finer and better work, it costs no more at retail than many of the adulterated powders.

NEWSPAPER ARCHIVE® NEWSPAPER ARCHIVE®

THE

NEW STORE,

THE DRY GOODS STORE,

Next to Millikin's Bank on Water Street,

ALWAYS SAVES YOU MONEY.

THEY HAVE THE BEST GOODS
FOR THE LOWEST PRICES.

Read and See. Come and Buy.

1,000 yards Bengal Twilled Flannel, worth 35c per yard; our price 25c per yard.
1,250 yards Plaid Dress Flannel, 54 inches wide, worth 55c per yard; our price 41c.
1,000 yards Plain Tricot Flannels, 54 inches wide, worth 50c per yard; our price 33⅓c.
1,500 yards Tufted Kerseys, worth 20c per yard; our price 14c.
3,000 yards Heavy Scotch Gingham, worth 10c per yard; our price 8⅓c.
500 yards Black Henrietta, 46-inch, worth 65c per yard; our price 48c.
Five Bales Large Sized Comforts, 75c each.
Five Bales " " " 87c each.
Three Bales " " " $1.00 each.
100 pairs 11-4 Gray Blankets at $1.00 per pair.
10 pieces Red Twilled Buffalo All Wool Flannel, worth 40c; our price 30c per yard.
Just received one case Remnants, Turkey Red Table Damask, in lengths of 1½, 1¾, 2, 2¼, 2½, 2¾ and 3 yards, which will be sold at One-Half value.

Remember the Place to Buy Your

DRY GOODS

AND SAVE YOU MONEY, IS AT

The New Store,

Next to Millikin's Bank, on Water street.

S. HUMPHREYS.

Our Shoe Sales.

Since the commencement of our great reduction sales have been enormous. The first week of this sale was a marvel. The drouth has finally told upon the trade somewhat, but the special prices we are now making will boom the great reduction sale more than ever.

Overstocked in Chicago and Overstocked in Decatur

we are willing to make heavy sacrifices on every line of goods we carry, rather than carry the goods over. We want the money out of them. Nothing like it for saving money in shoe buying is likely to come soon again. Whenever we advertise a reduction sale we have the goods and the prices all the while to warrant everything we say. Come and see what we can do for you now,

FERRISS & LAPHAM

148 East Main Street, Decatur.

CLARK'S MILE-END SPOOL COTTON

The Best Six-Cord Thread

For Hand and Machine Use.

IN

WHITE, BLACK AND COLORS.

FOR SALE BY

LINN & SCRUGGS

Dry Goods and Carpet Company.

Chicago's Tribute to Grant.

Chicago *Inter-Ocean*, Oct. 7: The men to whose memory on this day the people of Chicago, the regular army and navy of the United States, the veterans of the Union army, the association of soldiers of the Confederacy now resident in Chicago, the Sons of Veterans, the militia of the state and a large concourse of people gathered from all states and territories, do honor, died far on the near side of advanced age. He had ceased to be General and President of the United States at an age when promotion to the highest offices of military and civil life is becoming possible to most men. As General and President he had won the esteem, if not the affection of those whom he had conquered in the field and whose political condition was modified by those acts of reconstructive legislation which he approved and enforced. Since his death the South has been just to his memory, and has acknowledged that his civil as well as military administration was without malice to the section once in revolt, and was severe only as severity was needed to enforce obedience to the constitution of the United States and to the laws made in accordance with it.

For fifteen years, as a cadet to West Point, and as lieutenant and captain in the regular army, he was in the public service. Promoted on the field of Molino del Rey for gallantry in action, brevetted for gallantry at Chapultepec, he retired to civil life as soon as it seemed as if there would be no more battles to be fought. "The pomp and circumstance of war" had few charms for him; if battles were to be fought he would fight them; but as to playing soldiering, that was not his role. He became a citizen as soon as military life became a thing of mere routine of pomp and circumstance. For nearly seven years he was the most unassuming of private citizens. Then came the sound of distant cannon; the sound came from South Carolina, and as soon as it was heard Grant began to drill volunteers at Galena. From 1861 to 1865 his history is the history of the United States. Three years of conspicuous activity elapse, and in 1868 he is nominated and elected President. Then came eight years in which his life was a potent force in the civil history of the republic as it had been for four years upon the military history. For two years immediately succeeding his retirement from the Presidency he was the honored guest of the kings and potentates of Europe and Asia. Six years of dignified privacy remained to him, and then he was "gathered to his fathers." His memory forever will endure with that of the purest patriots and the greatest soldiers. To-day Chicago dedicates to his memory a statue that fitly stands upon a verge of the state which once was his home, and from which he received his first commission in the great volunteer army of the Union. The monument is massive and will endure for generations, but more lasting than bronze or granite will be the memory of Grant.

The German Language and Public Schools.

E. M. Winston in the October Forum.

Perhaps the most influential newspaper in the Northwest to-day, the one which has been the chief power in this fight against public schools, is one which circulates among a population one-third of whom cannot read the ballots they vote, because they are printed in English; who cannot testify in the court without an interpreter; who cannot act as jurymen, through inability to understand the language used; and who are absolutely insulated from the influence of American institutions. They are native-born American citizens of the third generation to whom English is an absolutely unknown tongue. Evidently he who is dependent upon another to read his ballot to him is not a safe citizen or voter; and evidently the State could not require less if it in any way endeavored to secure to its citizens knowledge of the public tongue. Therefore these States of Wisconsin and Illinois have shown moderation, in their exercise of an undoubted right and duty which grows more astonishing as it is more fully comprehended.

Specimen Cases.

S. H. Clifford, New Cassel, Wis., was troubled with Neuralgia and Rheumatism, his Stomach was disordered, his Liver was affected to an alarming degree, appetite fell away, and he was terribly reduced in flesh and strength. Three bottles of Electric Bitters cured him.

Edward Shepherd, Harrisburg, Ill., had a running sore on his leg of eight years' standing. Used three bottles of Electric Bitters and seven boxes of Bucklen's Arnica Salve, and his leg is sound and well. John Speaker, Catawber, O., had five large Fever sores on his leg, doctors said he was incurable. One bottle Electric Bitters and one box Bucklen's Arnica Salve cured him entirely. Sold at King & Wood's drug store. cm

Grit and Industry.

Neis Larsen, of Voorhies, has bought the Bent Cole farm of 320 acres, one and a half miles southeast of Voorhies, paying for the same 76 per acre. Twenty years ago Mr. Larsen came from Sweden to Illinois and made his start from the first by working on a farm by the month. He now owns two or three fine farms. It is needless to say that he is not a calamity howler.—*Monticello Ind.*

You Should Not Be Without It.

Every family is liable to have a hereditary taint of Consumption. It may date back three or even four generations. This fact makes it necessary always to have on hand a remedy with which to combat this formidable disease. A Cough when taken at first can readily be cured before it gets a serious hold on the lungs. Ballard's Horehound Syrup, when taken in its early stages, will cure Consumption. It is guaranteed to bring relief in every case, when used for any affection of the Throat, Lungs and Chest, such as Consumption, Inflammation of the Lungs, Bronchitis, Asthma, Whooping Cough, etc. It is pleasant to take, perfectly safe and can always be depended on. Sold by Swearingen & Tyler. S

We guarantee our Rice Coil Spring Vehicles to be the easiest riding made in the world. If after six weeks' trial we Rice Coil Spring is not found to be the easiest riding spring you ever used, the will exchange for any other style."

SPRINGER & LEHMAN CO.

aug8-d&wtf

Free Mail Delivery in Villages.

The needs of the smaller towns, the villages, and the purely agricultural districts never have received careful attention until within the past few years, and the Republican party is the author of all legislation or experimental administration that has been made specially for their benefit. The inter-state commerce law was framed to prevent those discriminations which favored great cities at the expense of rural districts, the reciprocity clause of the tariff bill was devised for the benefit of American Agriculture, and Postmaster General Wanamaker has been constant in his efforts to enlarge the postal facilities of the farming districts and of the small towns that are dependent on them.

The last Congress was induced by the Postmaster General to make an appropriation of $10,000 for experiments in the free delivery system to country districts. This small sum has been used by Mr. Wanamaker in trials of the system in more than forty towns and villages. In every case the increase of postal accommodation has resulted in an increase of postal revenue. In some villages the increase of revenue has been greater than that of expenditure, and as a whole the Postmaster General expects that the extra income will almost, if not quite, equal to the total expenditure of $10,000. But even if there is a small loss, he will ask a larger appropriation from the next Congress. For the experiment has been of but a few months' duration, and if in so short a time an increase of revenue is apparent, though, perhaps it be not quite equal to the expenditure, there is ground for belief that continuance and extension of the experiment will lead to yet larger increase of income. The history of the Postal Department is that of ever increasing income in proportion to judicious liberality of expenditure, and this is true of foreign nations as well as of the United States. Wherever the accommodations are great the business is great, where they are scanty the income is small.

A Consistent Prohibitionist.

A temperance union of women for the purpose of reforming men can hardly fail to commit many absurdities. Neither a woman nor a life-long abstainer knows anything of the forces that drag the victim of drink deeper and deeper into the bog of habit. Deacon Hungerford, of Chester, Conn., however, would seem to be a man after the heart of a prohibitionist. He had the finest crop of apples this year that had ever been seen in those parts. He could not eat them all, and so little confidence had he in his neighbors' stability that he dared not give away any portion of the crop lest it should be transmuted on the sly into that accursed potion known as "apple-jack."

The good deacon was inclined to relent and have pity upon his thirty fellow-men, but having taken counsel of his pastor, he was confirmed in his first resolve. Mr. Hall, the minister, assured him that it was better for the whole crop to be dumped into the frog pond than that one apple be cast into the cider mill. Parson and farmer went to work with a will, and destroyed the whole crop of apples, animated by the same fervid zeal with which the Israelites destroyed the idols of the Philistines.

Deacon Hungerford's consistency is to be admired, but why he should waste his acres for an orchard it is not easy to see. A vineyard or a corn field would be no better, however, but rather worse; for the diabolical ingenuity of the man will distil intoxication out of almost any agricultural product. The deacon's only refuge is to take some entirely unproductive vocation, such, for example, as lecturing on prohibition.

A PORTLAND (Me.) dispatch gives the substance of an interview with Mr. Hale, who stands very close to Secretary Blaine. Below we give the dispatch:

"Mr. Blaine is not a candidate in any sense of the word," said Mr. Hale, "and has done or said nothing to give rise to such a report on the authority of anybody. Mr. Blaine has been a very sick man, and has given his whole attention during the past summer to regaining his health. No political ambition has interfered with this. He is very much improved, as his visit to me the past week shows. He has gone from Bar Harbor to the greatest quiet of Augusta with the same single aim of getting well.

Mr. Hale said that Mr. Blaine would stay at Augusta during October and perhaps longer. He would not hasten back to Washington. He would stay as long as he could in Augusta, where the complete quiet would be most beneficial to him.

"But," continued Mr. Hale, "he is not a candidate. He asks for nothing, and wants nothing."

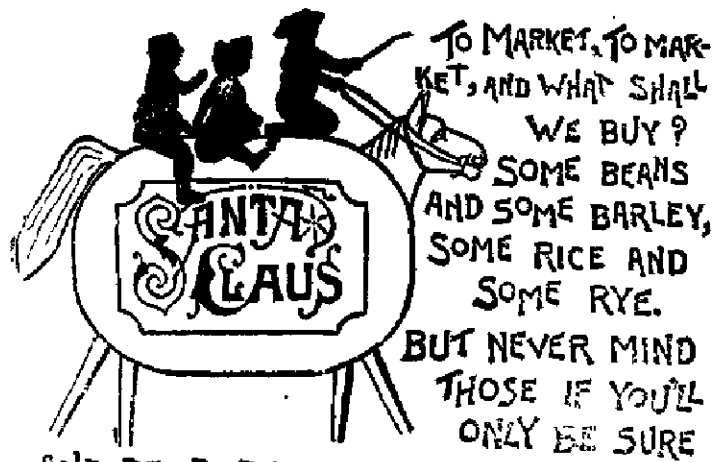
"But if his health becomes perfectly well established, and his party demands him, he might become a candidate?"

To this question Mr. Hale merely replied that if the saving of his party depended upon him it was possible that Mr. Blaine might become a candidate, but, such a condition was not likely to occur. The whole Blaine family had adopted a policy of silence and reserve that ought to have convinced the public they were not soliciting favors.

WHEN W. K. Vanderbilt passed through Chicago last week, he wore a loose suit of grayish-blue Indian material that did not appear to be worth more than $10.

A PROMINENT physician and old army surgeon in eastern Iowa was called away from home for a few days; during his absence one of his children contracted a severe cold, and his wife bought a bottle of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy for it. They were so much pleased with the remedy that they afterwards used several bottles at various times. He said, from his experience with it, he regarded it as the most reliable preparation in use for colds, and that it came the nearest being a specific of any medicine he had ever seen. For sale by W. F. Neisler, druggist. d&w

"Centemeri" Kid Gloves
in
Black and Colors,
at
Linn & Scruggs' Dry Goods & Carpet Co.



TO MARKET, TO MARKET, AND WHAT SHALL WE BUY? SOME BEANS AND SOME BARLEY, SOME RICE AND SOME RYE. BUT NEVER MIND THOSE IF YOU'LL ONLY BE SURE

AND REMEMBER SOME

SANTA CLAUS SOAP

TO PROCURE

N. K. FAIRBANK & Co., CHICAGO, MAKE IT:
ALL GROCERS KEEP IT:
EVERY HOUSEWIFE WANTS IT.

CLOAKS,

Jackets,

Shawls,

We are showing a choice assortment of the Latest Styles and Cuts in Jackets and Wraps. We want you to see them; also our line of Single and Double Beaver Shawls.

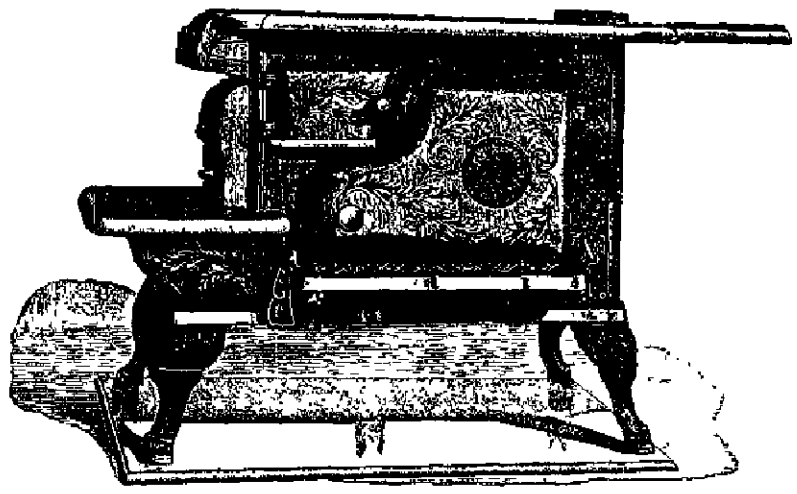
Something handsome and cheap in Infants' and Children's Long and Short Cloaks.

SEE OUR DRESS GOODS BEFORE BUYING.

Chas. T. Johnston.

Hays' Old Stand,

151 NORTH WATER STREET.



COOK STOVE and Trimmings,	$20.00	SIDEBOARD,	$15.00
BEDROOM SUIT,	20.00	DINING TABLE,	6.00
PARLOR SUIT,	30.00	HIGH-BACK CHAIRS,	8.00

BACHMAN BROS.,

East Main Street, Sign of the Big Elephant.

THE HAT TALKS!

If You Give It a Show.

There is none speaks so Plain to the trade as the

HART & DUFF HAT

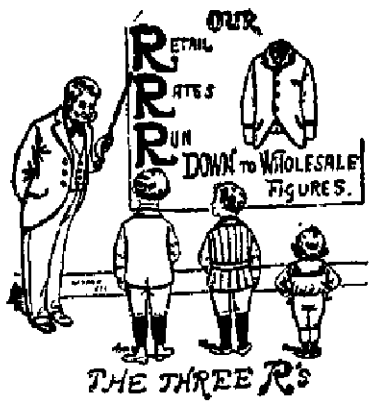
For Style and Durability it Outclasses Them All.

Sold by the Popular Young Firm,

BRYAN, JONES & CO.

4 Doors West of Post Office.

NEWSPAPER ARCHIVE®
NEWSPAPER ARCHIVE®



IF YOU

keep your eye on our FALL STYLES you will find them marvels of quality and price. Cold weather will come in with a rush, and with a rush our clothing is ready to go out. All that skill and brains could do to make them captivating to the eye and irresistible to the pocket-book has been done. You can depend upon getting a maximum of value for a minimum of cost when buying of us. This is what you are looking for, and you owe it to yourself in all justice to look through our line before purchasing. Do not fail to come and see us.

B. STINE CLOTHING CO.,

Decatur, Illinois.

SILVER WEDDING

PRESENTS

Are the Correct Form this Season.

We have never before shown so Complete a stock and Beautiful Varieties in this Line, and cannot fail to please you in Goods and Prices.

Pure 18k Wedding Rings a Specialty.

W. R. ABBOTT & Co.

"Pillsbury's Best Is The Best."

USE

And you will always be sure of having perfect Bread, because you have the best Flour made.

HORACE CLARK & SONS, Gen. Agts. PEORIA ILL.

A Republican Secretary Did It.

Cleveland *Leader*: A loan of $25,000,000 at 2 per cent. is the most recent proud achievement in American finance. It is scarcely necessary to add that a Republican Secretary of the Treasury deserves the credit for it.

The Secret of Success.

W. C. Armstrong, druggist, believes that the secret of success is perseverance. Therefore they persist in keeping the finest line of perfumeries, toilet articles, cosmetics, drugs and chemicals on the market. They especially invite all persons who have palpitation, short breath, weak or hungry spells, pain in side or shoulder, oppression, night mare, dry cough, smothering, dropsy or heart disease to try Dr. Miles' unequaled New Heart Cure, before it is too late. It has the largest sale of any similar remedy. Fine book of testimonials free. Dr. Miles' Restorative Nervine is unsurpassed for sleeplessness, headache, fits, etc., and it contains no opiates.

DIED.

On October 8, at 12.30 o'clock, of convulsions, Louis Edward, aged 21 months, son of Edward O'Neil, at 442 East Illinois street.

For the Schuttler, Moline and Capital Farm Wagons, go to the Spencer & Lehman Co., Decatur, Ill.
August 20-w3m

LOCAL NEWS.

CHARLES F. CORE has been appointed postmaster at Homer by President Harrison.

THE Illinois State Association of Union Ex Prisoners of War will meet in annual session at Farmer City Oct. 21 and 22. Dr. J. Little is secretary of the Association.

SOME land in Paris has been sold at the rate of $2,000,000 per acre, some in London for what would net $5,000,000 per acre, and some in New York for a sum equal to $8,000,000 per acre.

THE annual convention of the Woman's Home Missionary society, of the Illinois Conference, will be held at Champaign Oct. 22 and 23. There will be six sessions in all. A popular lecture will be delivered each evening. The convention will be held in the First M. E. church.

OUR Fast Black Hose will not fade, and will outwear any that has yet been produced. Linn & Scruggs Dry Goods and Carpet Co. daw

A CITIZEN of Bloomington attempted to burn a hole in an empty whisky barrel with a red-hot poker, and learned a lesson on the inflammable and explosive properties of pent-up gas. The barrel was blown from the cellar up through the roof of the house, and the bung burner was more or less injured and disfigured.

THE first annual meeting of the young people of the Baptist Association of Illinois will be held at Bloomington on Friday, October 23d, and they undoubtedly have a rare meeting in prospect. While this young people's society is a sectarian organization, yet it will no doubt have its influence for good and will give the younger element of the church an opportunity for work.

LOWELL carpets, bodies and ingrains the handsomest and best in the United States, received direct from the mills by Linn & Scruggs Dry Goods and Carpet Company.

THE Peoria, Decatur & Evansville Railway company held its regular monthly stockholders' meeting in the company's office in the board of trade at Peoria last week. The old board were re-elected. Among those present were R. B. Starbuck, general manager; E. O. Hopkins, general freight agent; W. J. Lewis, secretary and treasurer of the entire system, and C. C. Robinson, master mechanic of the P., D. & E.

THERE isn't any room for doubt that the coming winter is to be "awful" cold. The prophets all say so, and the man is insane who disputes the prophets. They have found moss growing thick on the trees, frogs standing on their heads, sunflowers pointing toward the North Pole, grape vines running around the poles instead of up them, and there are a thousand other signs to show that every human being will be frozen stiff as a chip before February.

THE ULLRICH ROBBERY.

$800 in Diamonds and Jewelry Stolen from a Decatur Residence.

From Thursday's Daily

After four o'clock last evening Marshal Mason was informed of a bold robbery committed at the home of John Ullrich on West Decatur street on Monday evening by which diamonds and jewelry to the amount of $800 were lost. It is supposed the daring deed was committed by a professional balcony thief, who waited until the members of the household had gone down to supper, then embraced the opportunity to climb up the east porch, or slip through a door to the upper rooms, where he could help himself to everything in sight. The robbery was not discovered until Tuesday morning, when Miss Luetta Ullrich observed that her diamonds and her mother's watch could not be found in the case where they had been placed. It was believed that the jewelry had been misplaced and the police were not notified. Later on, other jewelry was missing and last evening Marshal Mason was given the case by Mr Ullrich, who offers a reward of $200 for the recovery of the articles, and conviction of the thief, or $200 for either the restoration of the goods or the arrest of the thief.

THE STOLEN ARTICLES.

To-day Marshal Mason prepared the following full description of the stolen articles, which is printed on postal cards to be sent to various parts of the country in the hope of locating the goods:

One ladies' hunting case gold watch, Elgin movement, engraved on the inside case the following, "From Uncle to Lula," on the outside front case was a basket of flowers, inlaid with different colored gold, back case of watch smooth. Also one ladies' hunting case gold watch, Elgin movement, engraved flowers on both outside cases, initials on the outside front case "E W U," on inside case written "Bettie Ullrich," No. 139174. No movement 354502 One gold link chain with ball attached, set with diamonds in shape of clover leaf, one plain gold link chain with ball attached, one plain gold link chain; one lady's cluster diamond ring, nine diamonds set in shape of a diamond, one gold breast pin of five gold swallows, each holding a diamond in its beak, one lady's gold breast pin in the shape of a sickle set in pearls, rest on the sickle is an enameled daisy set with diamonds, and at each end of the sickle is a spray of forgetmenots, one plain gold filagree breast pin with name "Lula" printed in gold letters across the front; one hexagon shaped pin with Greek letters "Sig-ma" (sigma) and six arrows, engraved name "Luetta Ullrich," one Mexican gold ring with a branch of tree and bunch of grapes, one garnet ring

It was a bold theft, but it is common enough in large cities where valuables are exposed to view in private apartments. In time the marshal thinks he may be able to locate the articles.

MARIS-JOLLY.

An Interesting Social Event at Tuscola Last Evening.

From Thursday's Daily.

The marriage of Harley R. Maris, son of J. M. Maris, of this city, and Miss Hattie F. Jolly, of Ripley, O., was consummated last evening at 8 o'clock at the residence of the bride's sister, Mrs. Dr. S. T. Spees on Pembroke street, in Tuscola, Rev. Dr. E. L. Hurd officiating. The residence was charmingly decorated for the occasion and the wedding was a most importan social event in Tuscola. The wedding march was from Mendelssohn and was performed in an artistic manner on the piano by Miss Nellie Martin, of Tuscola. The bride was attired in a costume of cream silk, chiffon trimmings, and carried a beautiful bouquet of Marechal Niel roses in her hand, the gift of Miss Sue Maris, of this city. The groom wore the conventional black.

The wedding was largely attended by relatives and friends of the couple. Among those present from Decatur were Mr. and Mrs. J. M. Maris, Mrs. S. P. Young, Mrs. O Robertson, Mrs. J. W. Hanna, of Tacoma, Wash., a guest of Mrs. Maris, Harry Dill and Joe Elkin.

Following the ceremony and congratulations a most delicious wedding repast was served. Later in the evening the young people present passed the hours very pleasantly with dancing and music.

Miss Martin, who performed the wedding march, delighted the company with several fine selections on the piano. The lady is an artist and was highly complimented on her ability by the company present.

The costumes of the ladies were very beautiful, several among which were Miss Effie Lamb, cream serge, chiffon trimmings, Miss Maggie Martin, cream Henrietta, Miss Belle Gibbs, cream China silk; Miss Lizzie Caraway, cream Henrietta; Miss Tude Madison, blue China silk; Miss Carrie Lindauer, black silk; Miss Sue Maris, of Decatur, cream silk.

The groom is the well-known traveling salesman for the large wholesale grocery firm of Young Bros. & Maris, of this city, and is a young man of excellent habits, and is an energetic and successful young business man. His lovely bride, who is an amiable and intelligent young lady, has hosts of friends in Tuscola and Decatur who will join the REPUBLICAN in wishing her and her chosen life companion happiness and prosperity unlimited.

A Gift to Gen. Distin.

From Thursday's Daily.

An event of interest to all Grand Army men was witnessed in Chicago this forenoon, when in the presence of a large number of distinguished officials Col. J. M. Clokey, of Decatur, in the name of the aides-de-camp on the staff of the Past Commander, presented to Gen. W. L. Distin, of Quincy, Past Commander Illinois Department, G. A. R., a magnificent gold medal, larger than a $20 gold piece, as a testimonial of regard and esteem. On one side of the medal are the profiles of Dr. Stephenson and Gen. Veazey, the first and the 25th commanders. On the other side is the G. A. R. badge and the motto of the order, "Fraternity, Charity and Loyalty." The medal hangs by a heavy silk red, white and blue ribbon from a gold bar on which is engraved: "To W. L. Distin, Commander Department of Illinois, from aides de camp; April 6, 1891." Hanging from the bar is a pendant which is the G. A. R. monogram, handsomely worked in gold and set by a great many diamonds. The medal was made in Philadelphia; the rest of the work was done by O. E. Curtis & Bro.

The aides de-camp of Gen. Distin in Decatur are Colonels J. A. Barnes, W. F. Calhoun, J. M. Clokey and W. C. Johns. Accompanying the medal is a volume of autograph letters, one from each aide-de-camp, in a handsomely bound volume, each writer expressing his admiration for the official and personal worth of Gen. Distin. The volume is bound in full morocco and suitably inscribed in gilt. On the inside of the front cover is a picture of Gen. B. F. Stephenson on pink satin. On the back cover, printed on blue satin, is the list of aides. The printing for the gift was done at the REPUBLICAN job rooms.

State Mine Inspectors.

Gov. Fifer has appointed State Coal Mine Inspectors as follows: Quintine Clark, of Will County, for the first district; Thomas Hudson, of Henry County, for the second district; James Freer, of Peoria County of the third district; Walton Rutledge, of Madison County, for the fourth district; John G. Massie, of St. Clair County, for the fifth district.

A Sound Liver Makes a Well Man

Are you Bilious, Constipated or troubled with Jaundice, Sick Headache, Bad Taste in Mouth, Foul Breath, Coated Tongue, Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Hot, Dry Skin, Pain in Back and Between the Shoulders' Chills and Fever, &c. If you have any of these symptoms, your Liver is out of order and your blood is slowly being poisoned, because your Liver does not act properly. HERBINE will cure any disorder of the Liver, Stomach or Bowels. It has no equal as a Liver Medicine. Price, 75 cents. Sold by Swearingen & Tyler. d&w

The Everlasting Steel

Windmills, with steel tilting or fixed towers, are sold exclusively by FISHER & LONG, of Decatur, Ill. july23-w9w

IT is now claimed that a majority of the committee of twenty-five old friends of Jefferson Davis, appointed to pass upon the Jackson statue of the Confederate President, favor accepting it as a good likeness.

SUICIDE OF MRS. J. K. PECK

TRAGEDY IN OAKLEY TOWNSHIP AT 10 O'CLOCK TO-DAY.

Temporary Insanity the Cause of the Act—The Inquest—Details of the Deed.

From Friday's Daily.

A shocking tragedy occurred this forenoon at 10 o'clock at the home of Thomas Chambers, in Oakley township, 3½ miles northwest of Cerro Gordo, when Mrs. James K. Peck, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Chambers, took her own life by shooting herself through the head with a revolver.

Mrs. Peck was 30 years of age and was the mother of three children, who with the husband are left to mourn her untimely death. The lady had not been in good health for several years. She was morose and gloomy, and could not be induced to cheer up and look on the bright side of life. Her mind of late had been affected to such an extent that her husband, relatives and friends thought it best to have her under surveillance as much as possible. The Peck home is a mile and a quarter north of the Chambers place. This morning Mrs. Peck left her home to visit her father, possibly with the secret resolve to end her earthly career. She manifested no such intention on arriving at the Chambers place and greeted her people much the same as usual. While the family were down stairs, Mrs. Peck went to the upper rooms which were unoccupied. She entered one which was used by the hired man In a trunk in that room Mrs. Peck found a loaded revolver belonging to the man, and in that room alone, with her father and other near relatives downstairs, the wife and mother placed the muzzle of the weapon to her right temple and fired the fatal shot, death resulting within 30 minutes after the body fell and before Dr. Ellis could reach the house.

The report of the pistol and the fall of the body sent the entire family upstairs and into the room of death. They arrived too late. The deed was done, and the leaden bullet had accomplished its work. Upon the floor lay the body of the suicide and near her right hand was the smoking revolver. Mrs. Peck did not speak nor make any sign. Her life went out in a short time and she was at rest.

Coroner Bendure was summoned by telephone to hold the inquest and he left for Cerro Gordo this afternoon on the Effingham train to conduct the legal inquisition.

It was a plain case of suicide. Such will be the verdict of the jury.

From Saturday's Daily.

Coroner Bendure has returned from Oakley township where, at the house of Thomas Chambers, he held an inquest on the body of Mrs. Margaret Peck, wife of James K. Peck, who shot herself in the head with a revolver. The only witnesses were Effie Folrath, Anna Bozcher and Dr. J. C. Ellis. Miss Folrath was up stairs in the hall when she heard the report of the pistol; she went to the door and saw Mrs. Peck on the floor with the revolver in her hand, smoke still issuing from the barrel That was about all the evidence. The jury, composed of Chris Manick, J. C. Peck, John McFarland, W. A. Weison, Peter Marsh and Hanson Peck, returned a verdict that Mrs. Peck "came to her death by a pistol shot from her own hand, with suicidal intent."

81 Last Saturday.

Samuel Allen, who was 81 years of age last Saturday, paid the REPUBLICAN a visit last evening and chatted about old times. Sixty years ago he left his home and birthplace at Leesburg, in Loudan county, Va., and came west. He was then 21 years of age. He arrived in Decatur on horseback March 18, 1832, and cast his first vote here. He has voted nowhere else except in Decatur. He made two round trips to Virginia on horseback after he located here, and three years ago he made the journey on the cars. Mr. Allen is in remarkably good health for a man of his advanced years and loves to talk about old events and men of the long ago. He has heard Daniel Webster, Henry Clay and Thomas Benton speak in the United States Senate and has seen Martin Van Buren preside in the Senate. He also saw "Old Hickory" and can recall all important events in the history of the country in his lifet me.

Premium Chicks.

At the St. Louis fair last week the Decatur chicken fanciers got to the front in great shape. E. D. Bartholomew took first premium on pen of Plymouth Rocks; H. W. Bartholomew & Judy first and second on Light Brahmas, first and second on chickens and second on chicks; Churchman & Walser first and second on Langshan pen, first on chickens and second on chicks; F. L. Stevenson first on Partridge Cochin chicks and second on pen.

Carpets, Curtains,

Wall-paper, Chinese Silks and Mattings, Linoleums, Oil Cloths, new stock for fall trade at ABEL'S CARPET HOUSE. oct3-d&wtf

PARNELL, if one may believe the Boston *Globe's* correspondent, loved and sought in marriage a Providence girl twenty years ago, but her stern father, a millionaire by the way, said nay.

DO NOT make a purchase of any windmill until after you examine the Bird, at the Spencer & Lehman Co. feb26wtf

BROUGHT BEFORE THE JURY.

Democratic Editors Asked to Tell What They Know.

From Saturday's Daily

The publication of a paragraph in the *Daily Review* of this morning in reference to the grand jury and the Mt. Zion election fraud case occasioned something of a stir among the members of the jury, who felt that the article in question was a reflection upon them as honorable gentlemen sworn to perform their duty, and an imputation that they were not ready to thoroughly investigate all violations of the statutes of which they or anybody else had knowledge. The grand jury is still working on the Mt. Zion and other cases as rapidly as possible. The *Review* comment alluded to is as follows:

It is almost certain that the grand jury will indict W. B. Hunter, of Mt Zion, charging him with fraud in the last election. It would be strange if he were not indicted. Milo Thomas and old man Scott, both from Mt. Zion, two of the rankest Republicans in the township and Hunter's most bitter enemies, are on the grand jury. It looks as if they were there for a purpose and not by accident. Mt. Zion township has been raked and scraped for evidence against Hunter. Every voter who might give testimony against him has been called before the jury. Two bailiffs have been giving their whole time to the Mt. Zion matter the last three days.

While the grand jury is at work on election frauds it might take up others in the county. Mt. Zion is not the only township where there is suspicion of crooked work. There are places, too, where the investigation might be made by the grand jury at least, without the having the color of malice or spite work.

The jury took offense at the foregoing comment. They were sworn to investigate all violations brought before them, and several members of that body said this morning that they will perform their duties without fear or favor, let the ax fall where it may. Immediately upon the assembling of the jury to-day forthwith summonses were issued to bring the entire editorial and reportorial force of the *Review* before the jury, and Bailiff Hurst was given the papers to serve. The subpœnaes were for Jerry Donahue, John P. Drennan and Howard O. Schaub. Mr. Donahue and Mr. Schaub were found but Mr. Drennan could not be located for the reason that he is somewhere in the west on a vacation trip.

Mr. Donahue frankly admitted to the REPUBLICAN reporter that he knew nothing whatever about any election frauds in Macon county, and remarked that he could get through with the jury in less than four seconds.

Neither Mr. Donahue nor Mr. Schaub were heard by the jury to-day, owing to press of testimony in the Mt. Zion case. The jury adjourned until Monday noon. One juryman remarked: "We will give the gentlemen until Monday to work up a case."

Decatur Money in Colorado.

In a column description of the Beaver Gold Belt mining property near White Pine, Gunnison county, Colo., we find the following reference in the *White Pine Cone* to mining property in which F. M. Patterson and other Decatur people are interested:

While in camp we met Frank M. Patterson, of Decatur, Ill., who has recently become interested in Beaver mining property. He owns the Decatur, the Wood Tick, and interests in other claims. The Wood Tick is on a white quartz lead and carries a good paying percentage of gold. Mr. Patterson is much impressed with the bright outlook of the Beaver gold belt, and expects to mine there on an extensive scale next season. He also owns the Baltimore mine in the Red Mountain district. Mr. Patterson will probably visit the Tomichi before returning to Illinois.

Death of Edna Neisler.

From Saturday's Daily

Edna Neisler, only child of Mr. and Mrs. W. F. Neisler, died of typhoid fever this forenoon at 9 o'clock at the family home, 357 West Eldorado street, aged 10 years. The little girl was first taken sick last Sunday afternoon, and grew rapidly worse; she first appeared to be afflicted with rheumatism. The best of physicians attended her, but their efforts to save her life were fruitless. The family will have the sympathy of everyone in their sudden and sad bereavement.

This Is Pretty Good.

Mr. John C. Goodwin, a carpenter of Danville, Ill., writes: "About two weeks ago a heavy saw log fell upon my foot very badly crushing it, so that I was unable to walk at all. I sent for a bottle of Ballard's Snow Liniment and kept my foot saturated with it. It is now two weeks since this happened, and my foot is nearly well and I am at work. Had I not used Snow Liniment I should have have been laid up at least two months. For healing Wounds, Sprains, Sores and Bruises it has no equal. No inflammation can exist where Snow Liniment is used. "You can use this letter."

Beware of all white Liniments substituted for Snow Liniment. There is no no other Liniment like Ballard's Snow Liniment. Sold by Swearingen & Tyler.

ST. LOUIS has 409 miles of streets and all are sprinkled every day—the asphalt and granite four times a day and the others three times a day. The cost to the citizens is only five cents a foot front for the season of eight and one-half months. St. Louis has 450 miles lighted by electricity; there are 1940 arc lights, for which a yearly contract price of $74.75 is paid. The alleys are lighted by 2500 incandescent lights. The cost to the city is $200,000 for street cleaning. In addition, a destructing company is paid for removing garbage twice a week.

COME and see our Buggies, Surreys Phaetons, Spring Wagons and Road Carts—the best made and cheapest in town. THE SPENCER AND LEHMAN CO., Nov 5-d&wtf] South Main and Wood sts

NEWSPAPER ARCHIVE®
NEWSPAPER ARCHIVE®

WEEKLY REPUBLICAN.

ENTERED at the Postoffice at Decatur, Illinois as second class mail matter.

MAJ. MCKINLEY has already spoken in fifty-nine of the eighty-eight counties in his state and will speak in all the other before election day.

SAY, "Joe," say, "John," don't make idiots of yourselves, and damage the great party that made you both what you are.—*Chicago Journal.*

THERE is no better way to manifest sympathy with American labor than that of protecting it against the products made by the cheap labor of other countries. Hence the laboring men believe in the McKinley tariff law.

MOST of the Democratic leaders are as anxious as Mr. Mills is to restore tea coffee and sugar to the dutiable list, but only a few of them are as honest and courageous as he in this matter, for he expresses this desire publicly.

THE Democratic press is going for George William Curtis because he has declared in favor of the Republican state ticket in New York. Well, we are inclined to admit that in this case what is the Democrats' loss is not likely to be the Republicans' gain.

HERMAN OELRICHS, the New York member of the Democratic National Committee who refuses to support Flower, is probably a Clevelandite. There are thousands of Cleveland men in New York who will either remain away from the polls altogether on election day or cast their ballots for Fassett.

A COMMITTEE of Democrats from Minnesota have gone to exact a promise from Mr. Cleveland that in case he receives the Minnesota delegation and is elected, he will allow the Congressional districts to dictate to the appointments to office for the state, instead of the Kelly-Doran ring. This movement indicates that the Minnesota Democrats have forgotten that Mr. Cleveland is an apostle of civil service and all that sort of thing.

AT the joint debate at Ada, O., between McKinley and Campbell, the newspaper reporters were a unit in declaring that Campbell had not held his own, and had utterly failed to follow the rules in such debates. One enthusiastic reporter from Georgia said:

"I don't care if he is a Republican; he's the manliest fighter I ever saw in a battle of this kind. My sympathies are with the other fellow, but he isn't in it with McKinley. I can't help but applaud the man who fairly downs his antagonist."

WHENEVER you meet a man who does not admit that removing a revenue tariff will cheapen a foreign product to the American consumer, as in the case of sugar, and putting on a protective tariff to establish an industry, as in the case of tinplate, to wrest a monopoly of the business from a foreign syndicate, will cheapen that product to the American consumer, just put it down that that man is talking about a subject he does not comprehend or else is attempting to deceive some one.

INDIANAPOLIS *Journal:* In the joint debate between Governor Campbell and Major McKinley, at Ada, Ohio, the former said the country was rapidly reaching the condition predicted by Abraham Lincoln. In his last days, said the speaker, with that wonderful foresight which characterized him through life, Lincoln uttered these prophetic words: "As a result of the war corporations have been enthroned and an era of corruption in high places will follow, and the money power will endeavor to prolong its reign until the wealth is aggregated into the hands of a few and the republic is lost." Calamityites are fond of attributing these words to Lincoln, but no person has ever succeeded in finding them in any published speech or letter of his, and Col. John Hay, one of his private secretaries, has recently written a letter stating that he did not believe Lincoln ever used the words.

Two Men and Two Principles.

If the duty is added to the cost of an article, as claimed by free traders, why did not Gov. Campbell in his debate with McKinley name the articles sold over the counters of the merchants of Ada, O., the place where the debate took place, instead of theorizing about it on a blackboard? One such fact under the circumstances would have been worth a bushel of theories, and would have put Major McKinley and the protectionists to route. If it had been within Campbell's power to do this does any man of ordinary intelligence believe for one moment he would not have done it? When an advocate of Democratic free trade and a party leader fails so utterly in the vital part of his theory what is the use in advocating so barren a theory. Major McKinley, on the other hand, talked to the people about the things they were buying and using upon which the tariff applied. He was not afraid to show his wares and allow the people to pass upon them. Campbell tried to prevent the people accepting McKinley's wares by pleading with them to wait until his stock got in. That is the difference; Campbell represents a barren and moss-grown theory, McKinley represents actual facts, both present and past.

"Not all is gold that glitters" is a true saying; it is equally true that not all is sarsaparilla that it so labelled. If you would be sure of the genuine article, ask for Ayer's Sarsaparilla, and take no other. Health is to precious to trifled with.

Foolish Notions.

Maj. McKinley in a recent speech said that a revenue tariff never built a factory in this country, never made a yard of cloth nor gave a working man a job. This is true, and is the fact of history; and yet there are those who believe that the country could prosper under a revenue tariff. If they did not so believe they would not vote the Democratic ticket.

There were those who believed that the South was right in its war to disrupt the Union and form a government upon human slavery and free trade, or a revenue tariff. If men had not so believed they would not have voted the Democratic ticket in in 1860-65.

There are those who believe that the Abolition party was instrumental in emancipating the slaves, notwithstanding the fact that Abraham Lincoln, while he believed slavery wrong, never was in sympathy with that element who organized the Abolition party and attacked the constitution, the people and the church, and refused to countenance their wild and impracticable schemes. Mr. Lincoln could not recognize them as friends to the cause they professed to advocate, as may be seen by his declarations made in conjunction with a colleague in the Illinois Legislature in 1837 in a protest spread upon the House Journal, wherein he and his colleague said:

"We believe that the institution of slavery is founded upon both injustice and bad policy; but that the promulgation of abolition doctrines tends rather to increase than abate its evils."

Mr. Lincoln when President, however, as a war measure, Sept. 22, 1862, declared that all slaves within any state still in rebellion against the government on January 1, 1862, would be declared free, and that the Army and Navy would be directed to enforce the proclamation. The supplemental proclamation was issued January 1, 1863, as to the states and parts of states then in rebellion, and its provisions only became an established fact when the Southern armies were overthrown; and yet in face of these facts there are people who have been so misinformed as to argue that the emancipation of the slaves was due to the Abolition party, when the facts are that the Abolition party never freed a single slave. This great work was done by the conservative people who carried bayonets under the leadership of Abraham Lincoln, none of whom were even in sympathy with the radical, impractical and revolutionary notions of the third party Abolitionists, some of the leaders of which were guilty of burning the constitution to show their contempt for it.

In view of these facts it is a matter of some astonishment how, otherwise intelligent people, seize and hold opinions today which are not warranted by and are antagonistic to the facts of history.

Chili's Condition.

It is now becoming a question with Chili whether the revolution has accomplished the salvation of Chili or has put that country in a worse condition than it was before. The revolution overthrew a government which would have expired by limitation in a few months, and now the new government finds itself confronted, as the result of the war, with demands in the shape of damages that, to such a country, means much. The British claims amount to between fifty and sixty millions and separate claims to between ten and twenty millions. These are for damage to the nitrate works and for railroads and buildings destroyed during the bombardment of Iquique; also for losses incurred by business houses at Valparaiso after the battle of La Placilla and for the detention of the Pacific Steam Navigation Company's vessels and the vessels of other parties. The Spanish and Italian claims amount to $3,000,000 each, and for the sacking of stores during the riots that followed the taking of Valparaiso by the Junta's troops. The American claims amount to only $250,000, the estimated value of property destroyed in the vicinity of Valparaiso. All of these claims are now filed at the Lobos.

The aggregate of these claims amounts to $40 per capita of the total population and in addition to this there is the direct cost of the war. This leaves that country of two millions and and a half of people in bad condition financially. When we look at the enormity of the English claim the question arises whether in fact England did not practically own the country before the war. It is evident, to say the least, that her interest in Chili gave her much influence in shaping the affairs of government, and it may yet transpire that Balmaceda told the truth when he said that war was made on him because he was trying to save Chili from the hands of foreign powers. This enormous claim, filed by British claimants, may account for the fact that the United States government has ordered so many war-ships to the Chilian coast.

Harpers' Weekly, edited by George William Curtis, has come out strong for the entire Republican ticket in New York. It says that if the Democracy win, Tammany will hold the state in its grasp and corruption and robbery of the people will ensue. It says the Republicans have nominated men of character and that they should be supported by all honest men.

THE question at Springfield among the politicians seems to be whether "Joe" made "John," or "John" made "Joe." Neither made the other. The Republican party made both of them. Think of it, boys, and don't be ungrateful.—*Chicago Journal.*

The Tribune in a Hole.

Chicago Inter-Ocean.

The Anamosa (Iowa) *Eureka* prints somewhat more than two columns of editorial matter that should make the Chicago *Tribune* feel very much ashamed of itself.

The *Tribune*, as a "strong-siding champion of Welsh tin-plate interests in Chicago," having said that no tin-plate was made in the United States, Mr. Lake, editor of the *Eureka*, sent to the *Tribune* a clipping that described Major McKinley's manufacture of sample sheets at Piqua, and asked for an explanation of the difference between the *Tribune's* and the clipping's stories. To which the *Tribune* replied:

Mr. Lake.: The *Tribune* will be very glad to print the proof that tin-plate is rolled in commercial quantities in this country but it will not lend itself to deception to promote partisan interests. *Honesty is the best policy.* At Piqua, Ohio. McKinley merely saw corrugated roofing iron smeared with lead. Yours, etc.,

THE TRIBUNE.

We invite attention to the *Tribune's* affirmation, "Honesty is the best policy

Together with this letter the *Tribune* sent to Mr. Lake, Eureka, a clipping from the *Tribune* in which it was affirmed:

(1.) That 500 pounds of borrowed lead, but no tin, were used in the McKinley experiment.

(2) That Mr. Smiley, editor of the Piqua *Leader*, forced Messrs. Hicks and Battelle, proprietors of the Piqua Corrugated Iron Works, to acknowledge the fraud perpetrated by the use of lead in place of tin, and that he forced them to do this by threatening to have the contract existing between them and the city of Piqua whereby they allowed the free use of natural gas for their works annulled.

If "honesty is the best policy," the *Tribune* should have retracted these falsehoods as soon as it knew them to be false. But it has not retracted, though it long has known them to be false.

Mr. Lake, of the *Eureka*, sent the *Tribune* letter and clippings to Piqua, Ohio, and with these results: Mr. Smiley editor of the Piqua *Leader*, a Democratic newspaper, joined with Hicks and Battelle in this denial of the reported meeting at which he threatened them with annullment of the gas contract:

We desire to say there is absolutely *no foundation for these statements. No such meeting ever took place, and we have no knowledge of the circumstances alleged to have attended the alleged meeting until we saw them recounted in the daily press.*

JEROME SMILEY.
JAMES HICKS.
J. G. BATTELLE.

Piqua, O., Sept. 29, 1891.

Messrs. Battelle and Hicks say:

This company has no contract with the city of Piqua for gas or other fuel.

The foreman of the Piqua corrugating works, himself a Democrat, makes oath as to the quantity of tin used in the bath in which Major McKinley converted steel plates into tin plates, and swears that the tin was of American production and the steel also.

The Anamosa *Eureka* reminds the Chicago *Tribune* of its boast, "honesty is the best policy," and urges it to make proper retraction of its falsehood. From all of which we learn that the editor of a metropolitan newspaper who believes that he can deceive or bluff the country press is a sadly mistaken person. The country press does a great deal of thinking and makes no small amount of investigation on its own account nowadays. The Anamosa *Eureka* has, in the language of the street, put the Chicago *Tribune* "in a hole."

Not a Good Law.

The State of Texas brought suit, under its alien land law, enacted last winter, to dispossess one Mallison, who is a British subject, of lands held by him in Texas. The suit was brought in the Texas district court and Judge Goodrich, who presided, held the law to be void and inoperative, on the ground that it was in violation of existing treaties. The case has been appealed to the supreme court, but it is expected that Judge Goodrich will be sustained.

LIEUT. GOV. JONES, of New York, has fired another shot at Tammany. He has issued a card to the public, in which he says: "So far as municipal affairs in the city of New York are concerned, history has repeated itself, and we see in control of that great city men more unscrupulous and possessed of much larger powers than their predecessors, whom Mr. Tilden as vigorously denounced. While I would deeply deplore the retarding of tariff reform, still I believe the people would suffer less in such an emergency than they would by the success of Tammany, whose leaders already boast that, if successful in this election, nothing can defeat Mr. Flower as a Presidential candidate in 1892, which would place the national government as completely under control of Tammany Hall as the city of New York now is, and this would make Mr. Sheehan governor. Those who desire this consummation of events should sustain party 'right or wrong,' and those who do not should at least pause and think."

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria.
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria.
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

THE St. Albans (Vt.) creameries turn out 10,000 pounds of butter daily.

Is the Tariff a Tax.

Chicago Tribune: The Democratic policy has been announced. The Presidential candidate of the party next year will Mr. Cleveland, who has been the most prominent among its free trade schoolmasters and who devoted a whole message to the subject, in which he laid down the erroneous doctrine that the cost to the consumer of every article of domestic production is increased by the amount of the duty levied on the corresponding imported article, so that if there is a duty of 50 or 80 per cent on imported woolens, steel, leather, glass, etc., Americans have to pay 50 to 80 per cent more for all home-made articles than they would otherwise. The relative price of home-made and imported goods refute this assertion at every point. Yet it has become a dogma in the minds of his party followers.

***

From Maj. McKinley speech at Ada, O: They say the tariff is a tax, and the Governor cities a number of things to show that we pay the tax. If you have to have a chart to tell—[great laughter]—a chart to point out your property in the midst of plenty and prosperity, who pays the tax? The duty on salt is 24.4 cents a barrel, or 12 cents a hundred pounds. It can be purchased for 30 cents a bushel, where it is manufactured and 50 cents a barrel in a barrel which costs 20 cents, which makes the costs of the salt, if the Governor be right, 8 cents. The duty on wire nails was 4½ cents a pound. We reduced it to 2½ cents. They can be bought at the place they are made for 1 2-10 cents a pound. Who pays the tax? [Applause.] Cut nails can be bought for 1.56 cents a pound.

Steele rails can be bought for $30 a ton, $6 above the average price in Liverpool. The tariff is $33.44 a ton.

The duty is 25 per cent on boots and shoes; the duty was 30 per cent. The governor seems to think we did not reduce any duties. I want to say to him that when he voted for the Mills bill he voted to make the duty on binder twine 25 per cent, equal to 1½ cents, and we only made it .7 of a cent.

The duty on linseed oil is 32 cents a gallon, and on the farmers flaxseed 32 cents a bushel. The oil sells at 36 cents a gallon. In London it sells at 33 cents a gallon, and if the tax is added linseed oil should sell here for 65 cents a gallon. But it does not. [Cheers.] Who pays the tax? [Laughter.]

Paupus Under Free Trade.

New York Press; The *Press* is indebted to Oscar F. Williams, United States Consul at Harve, France, for a comparison between pauperism in the United States and in the United Kingdom of Great Britain, which is an impressive exhibit of the difference in the conditions of peoples in a protective tariff and a free trade country. Whittaker, a recognized British authority, in his editions of statistics from 1884 to 1889, a five-year period, gives the number of registered paupers (exclusive of vagrants), by which it appears that in 1884 there were 1,282,-383, and in 1889, the number had increased to 1,446,065. The net increase in pauperism in a period of five years, when there was perfect peace, good crops and free trade prosperity (?) was 163,682, or 12 7-10 per cent, in five years. The same statistical authority is the basis of the following comparisons:

In England and Wales there are more than 23 1-3 times as many paupers in proportion to population as there are in the United States. There are in the United Kingdom more than 31 38-100 times as many paupers in proportion to population as there are in the United States.

The actual net increase in the number of paupers in the United Kingdom during the five years preceding 1889 was more than 2 43 100 times the total pauperism of the United States.

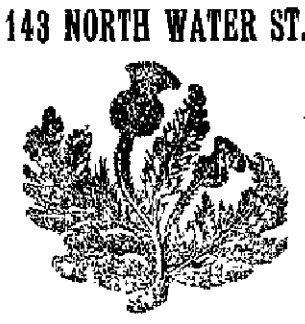
There is no answer possible to such figures as these.

CHICAGO is to have a $500,000 railroad station built by the Illinois Central.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

BOSTON ❋ STORE,

143 NORTH WATER ST.



Look for the Best Quality and Styles in Dress Goods at the Boston Store.

Now on sale 10 pieces Fancy Stripe Cashmere. 34 inches wide, 15c a yd., worth 25c. Come while they last.

Jas. G. Walker & Co.

BOSTON STORE,

143 North Water St.

PRISONERS OF WAR.

The Reunion about to be Held at Farmer City.

Preparations are progressing for the reunion of Union ex-prisoners of war at Farmer City on Wednesday and Thursday, October 21 and 22. Dr. Little, of Bloomington, secretary of the state association, has received assurances that many celebrated persons will be present, among whom are Gen. A. D. Streight, of Indianapolis, who helped dig the famous tunnel out of Libby prison; Gen. C. W. Pavey, of Springfield, who was confined in a dark dungeon for 105 days, will also be present to relate some of his experiences; Gen. W. H. Powell, of Belleville, Gen. I. N. Walker, of Indianapolis, and and many other distinguished prisoners will add to the interest of the occasion by their presence. There will probably be a big crowd on both days. Several members of the association from Decatur will be present.

Lake City News.

T. T. Springer visited Casner Tuesday.

The meetings at the Christian Church closed Sunday evening.

Bert Springer, of Ulery, visited this place Sunday.

Ed Oder and Miss Sallie Byron visited relatives at Mattoon last week. They were accompanied home by Frank Tutor and his sister, Miss Dove.

The infant child of Mr. and Mrs. J. Hensley is very ill at this writing.

Misses Maggie Langton and Pearl Platt, of Bethany, were callers in town Sunday.

Dr. Reeves, of this place, visited Decatur Sunday.

John Howell, of Decatur, visited the family of Anderson Dedman over Sunday.

Miss Bula Brown, of Lovington, visited the Lake City school Monday.

Mrs. Lottie Logan is still very ill, but is some better at present.

The infant son of Mr. and Mrs. William Witt died Sunday morning, Oct. 11, at 3 a. m.

G. L. Selders did business in Decatur Tuesday.

L. G. Marlow and R. L. Ault attended the fair at St. Louis last week.

Mr. and Mrs. McCartnes, of Bethany, visited L. G. Marlow and family Sunday.

Mrs. Nancy McMullin and Mrs. Frank Davidson are visiting relatives in Ohio. L.

Oct. 14.

The Magnetic Mineral Mud Baths Given at the Indiana Mineral Springs, Warren county, Ind., on the Wabash line, attacts more attention to-day than any other health resort in this country. Hundreds of people suffering from rheumatism, kidney trouble and skin disease have been cured within the last year by the wonderful magnetic mud and mineral water baths. If you are suffering with any of these diseases investigate this, nature's own remedy; at once. The sanitarium buildings, bath house, water works and electric light plant, costing over $150,000, just completed, and open all the year round. Write at once for beautifully illustrated printed matter, containing complete information and reduced railroad rates. Address F. Chandler, General Passenger Agent, St. Louis, or H. L. Kramer, General Manager of Indiana Mineral Springs, Indiana.

oct15 w3t.

Death of Mrs. Torrence.

Mrs. Elizabeth N. Torrence, wife of Gen. Joseph T. Torrence, was killed in Chicago near her residence yesterday by the overturning of her carriage in which she was riding. Her skull was fractured by striking the curbing. The horse had taken fright and became unmanageable.

STRICTLY CONFIDENTIAL.

We are selling Bedford Cords at 45c and 95c, worth 60c and $1 25.

Choice lines of Henriettas in New Shades at 25c, worth 35c.

Broadcloths at $1.25 and $1.35, worth $1.50 and $1.75.

Best Indigo Blue Prints, 5c.

36-inch Plaid Habit Cloth at 10c, worth 15c.

Our Millinery Stock much the largest and finest in the city. Miss Annie McDonald in charge, a guarantee of entire satisfaction.

A. Hatch & Bro.

143 East Main Street.

The Long-Headed Man.

The long, level-headed man wants to put his money into something that will not burn up, blow away or get drowned out, and something that will pay him big returns, say 15 per cent. or more per annum; something that can be turned into cash if necessary on 30 days' notice; something that has a fixed value and is not at the mercy of Wall street; something that will bring him as much proportionately on $50 as on $5,000.

Stock in the EQUITABLE BUILDING AND LOAN SOCIETY OF PEORIA, is that something. It is suited to farmers and all classes of investors. Safety equal to Government Bonds. Stock not taxable. Interest compounded every month. Net profits 17 to 21 per cent. per annum. Money may be withdrawn with interest at any time on 30 days' notice. It is better than investing in land and better than money loaned.

Investigation and correspondence solicited.

A. DERWOOD SMITH,

General Agent, Decatur, Ill.

Sept23-w1f

THE DECATUR MARKETS.

Selling and Buying Prices in the City—General Notes.

DECATUR, ILL., Oct. 14.

The following are the prevailing selling prices at the Decatur grocery stores on staple articles:

Flour, per sack	$1.45 to $1.55
Sugar, 20 to 25 lbs	$1 00
Coffee, per pound	25c to 40c
Tea, per pound	25c to 90c
Potatoes, per bushel	60c
Apples, per bushel	75c
Cabbage, each	5c
Eggs, per dozen	20c
Sweet potatoes, per bushel	$1 20
Butter, per pound	20c to 30c
Lard, per pound	10c
Grapes, per pound	4c
Salt ... per barrel, $1 20; table salt, 5c and 10c	

Watermelons, 10 cents; tomatoes, 40c per bu., cantelopes, 5 and 10 cents; cucumbers, per doz., 10 cents; turnips, 20 cents a peck; onions, 40c.

Hay, per ton	$14.00
Wool, best, per pound	18c
Hides, country, per pound	3½c

GRAIN.

Dealers are paying 50 cents for wheat; 50 cents for white corn; 25 to 27 cents for oats and 70 cents for rye.

STOCK MARKETS.

Butchers are paying 2 and 2½ cents for cows; ½ and 3 cents for heifers, 3 and 3½ cents for steers; 3½ and 3¾ cents for calves; 4½ and 4¾ cents for hogs, and 4 and 4½ for sheep.

COAL.

Lump coal, single ton $2 00; nut coal, $1.75; hard coal, $6.75 to $7 50.

MARKETS IN GENERAL.

Board of Trade markets in Chicago Tuesday were irregular, with marked strength in grains and weakness and much lower prices in provisions. December wheat opened at ½ cent higher at 99⅛c, sold at $1, and closed at 1c over last night at 99¾c seller. Corn rushed up 2½ cents for October, to 50c, closing 50¾c. November touched 50¼ cents, and closed 50c. Rye, oats and flax were higher. Pork sold down to $8 80, and closed $8 70 for December. Lard and ribs were lower.

In Chicago, Tuesday, receipts of cattle were 12,000; made up of 2,000 Texans, 4,500 rangers and the remainder natives. As compared with Monday there was little or no change in the cattle trade. Receipts of hogs (should the estimates fill), 28,000. The bulk sold a good 10 cents lower, and a large number carried over. Rough and common, $3.75 to $4.25; mixed and packers, $4 40 to $4.60; prime heavy and butcher weights, $4.70 to $4 85; a few Philas at $4 90 to $5.10, prime light, $4.60 to $4.80; others, $4.40 to $4 25. Receipts of sheep, 8,000, with sales of both sheep and lambs at the highest prices for many weeks.

When the hair shows signs of falling begin at once to use Ayer's Hair Vigor. This preparation strengthens the scalp, promotes the growth of new hair, restores the natural color to gray and faded hair, and renders it soft, pliant, and glossy.

❋No Place Like❋ THE FAIR

—FOR—

BARGAINS.

Flax-fiber Slop Pails, best on earth, never leak	75c and 85c
Nubian Iron Enamel, nothing like it for grates, fender stove pipes, hods, etc	25c
The best Stove Polish is the Nubian Paste, only 5c a box.	
Small Cotton Clothes Lines	10c
Large Hatchets	15 and 25c
Coal Hods	30 and 35c
Tubs	50 and 60c
Wood Pails, only	14c
Baking Powder, worth 10c, only	5c
Lamp Chimneys, best	5c
Novelty Clothes Wringer Worth $2.50.	$2.00
Wire Clothes Lines	30c
Horse Brushes	15c
Wood Sugar Boxes	8c up
"Never Break" Skillets	38c
Flour Sifters, only	20c
Wire Toasters	5 and 10c
Folding Ironing Boards	98c
Large Step Ladder	75c
Bread Boards	45c
House Brooms	18c and 25c
All Copper Wash Boilers	$2.25
Decorated Chamber Sets, nothing nicer	$2.90 and $3.00
Dinner Plates, per set	40c
Cups and Saucers, per set	45c

THE ❋ FAIR

—OF—

Weaver & Lewis.

The Great Money-Saving House,

159 EAST MAIN STREET.

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

ALLUMINUM THIMBLES

—ARE—

HARDER THAN SILVER,
BRIGHTER THAN SILVER,
LIGHTER THAN SILVER,

More Durable than any other Metal, and only cost

25 CENTS EACH,

—AT—

OTTO E. CURTIS & BRO.'S,

Leading Jewelers.

CHANGEABLE WEATHER

Is the time you will get sick if not careful.

You can still use your old Summer Oxfords by buying a pair of

75c

All-Wool Overgaiters

—AT—

- POWERS, -

—Sole Agents for—

Alfred Dolge's Warm Shoes.

A FATAL SHOOTING.

One Man Killed and Another Wounded in a Fracas at Champaign.

In a brawl on Fourth street at Champaign Saturday night about midnight Royal Voorhees was instantly killed and Robert Creque mortally wounded. The details of the fracas are conflicting There were six or eight young men in the company going east. The row lasted for some time and it appears that the two above named persons pursued Daniel Renner, a painter, into the middle of the street and there the shooting took place. Voorhees was found dead with an open knife in one hand and a piece of Renner's necktie in the other. He had been shot through the heart and Creque is shot in the abdomen and the physicians say he cannot recover.

Renner left the city and was arrested Sunday at Tuscola, his home. He has been working at Champaign at his trade since July. Creque is a carpenter. His home is in Crawfordsville, Ind., where he has a wife and three children. Voorhees lived in LaPorte, Ind., and has been working at his trade for the past three weeks.

G. A. KRETZINGER INSANE.

The Young Man Becomes Suddenly Violent in the Office of a Chicago Hotel.

G. A. Kretzinger, who has been employed as a clerk at the Grand Palace Hotel, Chicago, for about a year, was taken violently insane in the hotel office early Saturday night. Kreizinger is about 25 years old, and is a nephew of G. W. Kretzinger, an attorney. His father is a wealthy farmer and resides near Latham, Ill. As soon as the employes of the hotel became aware of the unfortunate, young man's condition they removed him to his room, but were unable to control him and had to call officers, who took charge of him until his friends could be notified.

His friends about the hotel say that he has not been drinking heavily and can suggest no direct cause for his insanity. They say, however, that he has complained of not being able to sleep much of late, and seemed to much affected when he learned of the case of suicide that occurred in the hotel Friday morning.

Pat Gilmore Coming—Oct. 19.

The great leader and his band close their engagement at St Louis on Saturday, and will appear at the Grand on Monday evening, October 19th, in one of their best concerts.

Came in First.

Prince Karl, sired by Commander, son of Dictator, dam Fannie, by Regalia, was a winner at the Kankakee races yesterday in three straight heats. The Prince is owned by R. E. Pratt, of Chicago, and has the stuff in him to go in less than 2:30. It was a heavy track yesterday. The summary is:

Foals of 1888, 2.35 class, purse $100:

Prince Karl	3	1	1	1
Tiglath	4	2	2	6
Jay Hawk	1	3	3	3
Bennie C	2	4	4	4

Time—2:38, 2:34, 2:40¾, 2:38¼.

Held Without Bail.

Robert Creque of Crawfordsville, Ind., who was shot by Daniel Renner of Tuscola at Champaign Saturday night, died yesterday afternoon while the Coroner was holding an inquest over the remains of Royal Voorhees of Ladoga, Ind., who was also shot and killed by Renner. The jury recommended that Renner be held to the grand jury without bail.

Will Go to the Capital.

Rev. A. P. Cobb, pastor of the Normal Christian church, having reconsidered his decision to remain there, has resigned to take charge of the Christian church in Springfield, where he will begin his labors Nov. 1. Rev. Cobb is a son-in-law of Andrew Dennis, of Decatur.

THE funeral of Jennie Margaret, the infant daughter of Mr. and Mrs. A. W. Miller, of Riverside, California, took place Sunday evening from the residence of George Stare, on North Franklin street, in the presence of a large company of sympathizing friends. Rev. C. E. Torrey, of the Baptist church, and Rev. H. H. Oneal, of Grace M. E. church, conducted the services. Interment at Greenwood.

THE best trotting records for the season are: Monbare, 2 years, 2:18; Faustina, 3 years, 2:14¼; Belle Archer, 4 years, 2:15¼; and Nancy Hanks, 2:09, is the fastest for any age. Last year the fastest were Vida Wilkes, 2 years, 2:22¼; Regal Wilkes, 3 years, 2:17⅛; and Sunol, 4 years, 2:10⅛, which was also the fastest mile that was trotted during the season.

Carpets and Wall Paper.

The best is the cheapest, the world over. You will find the best quality and styles for the lowest living prices, at Oct 14-d&w1m ABEL'S CARPET HOUSE.

NEBRASKA is to send an exhibition car through the country.

ANOTHER $12,500 OFFER.

Dr. Hiram Buck's Second Generous Gift to the Wesleyan University.

Long ago Dr. Hiram Buck, of Decatur, gave the Illinois Wesleyan University at Bloomington $12,500, in case the Wesleyan raised $25,000 to go with it. All but $5,000 of the sum was pledged when the Illinois Conference met in September and one night at a a general meeting the $5,000 was raised. Now Dr. Buck makes a proposition to give the Wesleyan another $12,500 on the same terms. The story is told by the Bloomington *Leader* of Monday in describing the jubilee meeting held at the Wesleyan chapel Monday morning as follows:

After the regular chapel exercises at the school this morning, Dr. Wilder stepped forward to make what the students thought would be a speech. No one feared, however, that the doctor was wrathy or intended to assail any of the little faults of pupils. His whole countenance beamed with joy and good will. In a few words he announced to the school that Dr. Hiram Buck had presented him a check for $12,500, thus completing the former's part of the agreement made over a year ago, the Wesleyan having promised to and having raised $25,000 to add to the gift of their old friend. The last $5,000 of this sum, it will be remembered, was secured at the last conference. But, said Dr. Wilder, this is not all. Dr. Buck has made another proposition to me of exactly similar conditions and has asked me whether or not the $25,000 can be raised.

"Did I say no?" exclaimed Dr. Wilder.

"Not much. I agreed to the conditions. The trustees have accepted them and we are going to raise $25,000 in order to get Dr. Buck's gift of $12,500."

This was received with rounds of applause, after which the president of the university continued, saying that Dr. Buck had further agreed that on condition his last offer was made good he would again meet the trustees, but this time with a much larger donation.

Again the halls rang with cheering and applause.

Closing this gratifying announcement Dr. Wilder spoke in endearing terms of the grand old man who has reached his three score and ten years and still lives for the future and the prosperity of the college he has always loved. Dr. Buck has ever been its friend, even from the time when a few pupils assembled in the little old building now standing north of the main structure to recite the lessons to men who are now numbered with the dead.

If Dr. Buck lives to complete his plans the day is not far distant when the Wesleyan will have an endowment fund of $250,000.

When the $25,000 are raised, which the patrons of the Wesleyans now wish, the school will have a fund of $75,000, all secured through the efforts of the philanthropic Dr. Buck. What he may do in the future is indicated by his past actions

"Country Boy" and "Prince Karl."

The famed Decatur stallion, "Regalia," owned by Mr. Chris Brown, is stepping pretty high these days at his stable home on South Water street. His colts are getting to the front at many of the races and are bringing Regalia trotting and pacing stock prominently before the public At Norwich, Conn., on Oct. 7, "Country Boy," by Regalia, trotted a mile over the Danbury half-mile track in the fourth heat in 2:27½, and convinced good horse judges that he can go a mile on a good track in 2:25. There were five heats trotted, "Country Boy" taking the last three in 2:29¼, 2:27½ and 2:31½. F. A. Wells writes from Norwich that his Regalia horse is the best stayer he ever saw. R. E. Pratt's trotter, "Prince Karl," who won the 2:35 trot at Kankakee Tuesday, took the last three heats in good time, doing one heat in his first race in 2:34. The Prince is out of a mare by Regalia. Mr Brown's many friends are congratulating him on the success of Regalia stock is which rating pretty high at present. The colts are all handsome and speedy, and as Mr. Wells says "they are stayers," and winners as well.

Mistaken Identity.

J. B. Newman, bookkeeper in the First National Bank at Springfield, of which F. W. Tracey is president, met with a mortifying experience in Chicago last Friday evening. He was riding on a street car when a muscular female, Mme. Sobra, grabbed him by the collar and took him off to the nearest police station, lodging a charge against him that he had robbed her of $1,500 in jewelry. She averred that Newman had rented a room at her house last Wednesday and that the next day he left, when she found that she had been robbed of her jewelry. It took Newman until Sunday to square himself with the Chicago authorities, and he was honorably discharged. As a matter of fact Newman was in Peoria at the time of the alleged robbery and he had gone to Chicago to take in the sights and enjoy a rest. Mr. Newman will begin suit against the wealthy woman for $10,000 for false imprisonment.

Letter List.

The following is a list of letters remaining uncalled for at the Decatur Postoffice Oct. 13, 1891:

August, Alderman	Hart, Miss Cora
Alexander, Ark	Hart, Miss Anna
Bolared, John	Hocker, Samuel
Best, Mr. B.	Johnson, Mrs. Wm.
Boyle, Barney	Kennedy, Patrick
Bradley, J. M.	Lemeton, Alex
Brown, S. Jerome	Leonard, Samuel
Bryan, Mrs J.	Marsh, Clarence
Chapman, Miss Alice	Mathes, Wm.
Connors, Jas W.	Mathres, Mr
Cowgill, Wm. E.	May, Esther
Daniel, Louise	Melvina, Miss May
Dill, Mrs. Lottie	Miller, Mr Jesse
Ector, Johnnie	Morgan, W. T.
Elliott, Miss Georgie	Martin, Mrs Chas.
Faith, Miss Maudy	McDonald, Mrs. Wm. O.
Fasban, Miss Stella	Ross, M Elijah
Goffy, J. B.	Sconce, Miss Maude
Grant, John	Silvers, Miss Ella
Hall, Wm.	Taylor, Mrs Flora
Hall, Mrs. Katie	Thatcher, Alice W.
Walker, Miss Helen	

J. T. HUBBARD, P. M.

P. J. O'BRIEN, of Danville, aged 26 years, has just been promoted to the position of traveling car agent for the Wabash, at a salary of $125 per month and expenses. His territory is the United States and Canada. Pat came from Ireland 10 years ago.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

Bradley Bros.

NEW MILLINERY

—AND—

CLOAK DEPARTM'T

Is now open and complete with all the Latest Styles in the market.

INSPECTION INVITED.

CORNER OF Water and William sts

Bradley Bros. DRY GOODS & MILLINERY Decatur Ill.

ABOVE THEM ALL

In Quality.

BELOW THEM ALL

IN PRICE.

Call at our Mammoth New Store. See all the Newest Styles, the Largest stock of New and Desirable Clothes for Men and Boys.

OTTENHEIMER & Co.

MASONIC TEMPLE BLOCK,

Decatur's Progressive Leaders in Clothing and Furnishings.

A. KAUFMAN, Resident Partner. TELEPHONE 182.

CASTORIA

for Infants and Children.

"Castoria is so well adapted to children that I recommend it as superior to any prescription known to me." H. A. ARCHER, M. D., 111 So. Oxford St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

Castoria cures Colic, Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhœa, Eructation, Kills Worms, gives sleep, and promotes digestion, Without injurious medication.

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 77 Murray Street, N. Y.

NEWSPAPER ARCHIVE®
NEWSPAPER ARCHIVE®

WEEKLY REPUBLICAN.

ENTERED at the Postoffice at Decatur, Illinois as second class mail matter.

IT is said that Miss Cleveland refuses to talk to newspaper reporters, and has not yet expressed an opinion on free coinage or the tariff.

HENRY FITZHUGH LEE, son of Gen. R. T. Lee, is very sick at his home near Alexandria, Va. He became a prominent confederate commander during the war.

THE revenue collections in the Peoria district for the month of September were $1,828,077. There were 2,013,311 tax-paid gallons and a total of 565 packages taken out of bond for export.

THE death of Charles Stewart Parnell removes the safest Irish leader that country has ever had and the chances are that Ireland will be worse off before another leader appears who can unite all the elements and hold them together as Mr. Parnell has done so long.

THE fees in the Secretary of State's office turned over to the State by the present incumbent will exceed the fees of the next preceding administration by 100 per cent. Secretary Pearson says that this difference is due to an increase in the business of the office.

THE most awful tragedy in connection with the marriage of Mrs. Frank Leslie is that the Marquis de Leuville, who was supposed to be engaged to her, has been hunted by his creditors and has fled from London to Paris in consequence. How the fair woman can be happy with "Willie" while she thinks of the poor Marquis wandering about without credit, passes all comprehension.

THE Cincinnati *Commercial-Gazette* elected James E. Campbell Governor of Ohio two years ago by attempting to involve him in a scandal of which he easily cleared himself. It will achieve the same result this year if it does not quickly substitute reasonable discretion in public affairs for idiotic zeal in private libel. There is a sense of fair play in the American people which can easily be tempted to ignore party lines in defense of unjustly assailed private character.

THERE was, according to a statement prepared by the treasury department, a net increase in the circulation during the month of September of $24,550,903, and a net decrease of $11,506,115 in money and bullion in the treasury during the same period. The increase is made up of treasury notes, $11,456,769; United States notes, $9,034,765; gold coin, $1,507,909; standard silver dollars, $1,635,478; subsidiary silver, $1,109,778; gold certificates, $4,278,490; silver certificates, $4,428,166; national bank notes, $1,729,379.

THE Michigan Legislature at its last session passed a law requiring the mortgagee to pay his proportion of the taxes upon the lands which his mortgage covers, and authorizes the mortgagor to pay such taxes and take it out of the interest if the mortgagee refuses to pay it himself. The courts will of course hold that the law as applied to loans made before it took effect is unconstitutional, because it changes a contract. As the interest on the new loans is being fixed to cover the taxes, it is difficult to see just how the law will benefit the people of Michigan who borrow money.

ONE of the episodes of the meeting of the society of the Army of the Tennessee was a meeting between Gen. I. N. Elliott, of Princeton, and John R. Tanner, at which Mr. Tanner mentioned his grievances against Gov. Fifer, closing by referring to what the ex-treasurer regards his egotism, which he illustrated by the well-known quotation: "Upon what meat doth this Cæsar feed, that he has grown so great?" To which Gen. Elliott replied: "I don't know. You ought to know, for you have been his butcher for three years." Of course the laugh was on Mr. Tanner.

THE allusion to Judge Gresham in President Harrison's letter to the Grant Statue Committee was most graceful and generous. It was a fine compliment to a political rival, such as but few men are able to pay. He said: "I am glad to know that General Gresham, who was so honorably associated with General Grant in the campaigns of the Army of the Tennessee, has been selected as the orator of the occasion, and do not doubt that his personal knowledge of the great commander will enable him to speak in fitting phrases of one whose relation to me was only that of a remote but beloved Commander-in Chief." A tribute of respect and admiration could not have been more fittingly worded.

THE *Review* anticipates the indictment by the grand jury of W. B. Hunter, of Mt. Zion township, for violating the law relating to elections, and on this assumption proceeds to poison the public mind with the notion that the grand jury is inclined to persecute Mr. Hunter. Somebody perpetrated a most grevious outrage upon the voters of that township at the spring election and whoever did it should be punished for it, no matter whether he is a Democrat or a Republican. It is the duty of the grand jury to investigate such offenses and when a grand jury is in the act of making such investigation the *Review* has no business to interfere, no matter whether the person it believes will be indicted is a Republican or a Democrat.

THE earliest coin for American use was made about 1612, and bore as a design the picture of a hog.

Trifling with Ignorance.

Gov. Campbell in his debate with Maj. McKinley made use of the statement that the "Republicans take the tariff off sugar to make it cheap and put the tariff on tin to make it cheap," and this observation was heartily cheered by his Democratic auditors. He was simply trifling with ignorance and did it with a full knowledge of what he was doing. He expected the ignorant to accept it as a self-contradictory proposition from the protectionists statements.

That sugar has been cheapened by the removal of the duty needs no argument to convince the most ignorant. That tin has been reduced in price as a result of the present protective tariff, placed upon it by the McKinley law, would perhaps not be so readily admitted. But that the price of tin roofing and wares made from bright tin has become cheaper since the duty on tin went into effect is attested by a comparison of prices a year ago and now.

Protectionists who favored the new tariff argued that as in the case of all other industries started in this country the result would be that as soon as the new industry reached a point which indicated success and permanency a battle for the retention of this market on the part of the Welsh Tin Syndicate would reduce the price of tin to the American consumer, to which soon would be added the cheapening influence of home competition.

The duty on tin plate came into operation July 1, 1891, but before that date the English press, after having reports from spies sent from that country to this to investigate the chances for building up the tin industry in this country, to the effect that all indications pointed toward success in this American venture, raised the cry of warning that the only hope for the Welsh Tin Syndicate to keep down this new industry and hold any part of the American market was to reduce the price of tin. This warning was heeded, and the price of tin was reduced. What did it? The howl of the Democratic free trader or the McKinley Bill? The McKinley bill, of course. So it happens to be a fact that taking the duty off sugar, which at the time of the passage of the new law it appeared we were unable to produce in competing quantities, cheapened sugar, as that tariff had been a revenue tariff; and putting a duty on tin which was calculated to build up in this country a competitor to a syndicate of tinplate makers in Wales forced them to reduce the price of the product to the American consumer by reducing the profits.

From the reduction in prices of tinplate by this English Tin Trust we learn a lesson that the free trader always avoids, that whenever an English trust has had a monopoly of the American market on any product the American people have been forced to pay them exorbitant profits. But, in face of this fact you will always find the American free trader defending the interests of these foreign monopolies and opposing the building up of competitive industries on American soil.

The House of Lords.

New York *Press:* That the English House of Lords ought to be abolished will not be questioned by any friend of free institutions. As a body of legislations it is opposed, both in its constitution and disposition, to the spirit of the age. In so far as it acts as a restraint upon hasty legislation, it is of some use; but that duty would be much better fulfilled by an elective house, representing counties or districts.

The Liberal party has virtually adopted, as a part of its programe, the abolition of the House of Lords. Meantime the House of Lords is doing a good deal to abolish itself. The average attendance is not over forty or fifty out of a total of several hundred, and the session are usually so brief as to be merely formal. The meager number present seldom includes any one of consequence outside the Ministry. The really important appellate duties of the House are performed by a select few of the peers, men who are well versed in the law, and whose decisions receive the respect that a deliverance of the Lords, as a class, never could command. In fact, this judical committee as it may be called, has become, in the public eye, wholly dissociated from the House in whose name it delivers judgement, and the abolition of the one need not interfere with the performance of the other.

As the large majority of the Lords themselves have seen fit by non-attendance to show their indifference to legislative honors, they ought not to complain if deprived of the power they neglect to exercise. The serious question will be, however, how to get rid of the Lords. As a nominally co-ordinate branch of the government they will have to consent to their own political extinction. Anything else would be revolution. This consent will not be readily obtained, and circumstances are imaginable that might lead to grave results, especially if the Lords should contrive to identify their cause with some great public principle, such as that of union, as against home rule.

THE great angel-food-jelly-cake controversy in Sangamon county has terminated with a decision to the effect that slabs of *angel food* with jelly between constitutes jelly cake proper. That is, the award of a piano from the county fair committee goes to the maker of a jelly cake such as the one described, but the ladies are still in arms and will be heard from. Pianos may come and pianos may go, but such a debate goes on forever.

The Best

French and American Corsets can always be found at Linn & Scruggs D. G. & C. Company. d&w

Unveiling the Grant Statue.

It has been said that Republics are ungrateful, which is too often true. But it is not true as to Grant, Sherman and Sheridan. These men were made to feel by the American people that their distinguished services to their country was appreciated by the people. There was no open demonstration in honor of these men while they lived, which was regarded as extravagant. The people were only sorry that these demonstrations could not be extended and made more enduring. Since their death the public has not tired doing them honor, and at every public ceremony referring to either of them is an occasion when whole families travel hundreds of miles to be present. This fact was well demonstrated at the unveiling of the Grant statue at Lincoln Park, Chicago, on Wednesday. People came from Missouri, Iowa, Kansas and nearly every state of the Union east of Illinois to witness it. It was estimated that more people were in the city than were there when Grant returned from his trip around the world. The parade, which was made up of the Association of the Grand Army of the Republic, the Army of the Tennessee and the Army of the Potomac, entered Lincoln Park, the rear was at the Auditorium, over three miles from the head of the column. It was estimated that in the park at the time of the unveiling there were assembled between 500,000 and 600,000 people. The estimate was made by the acre. On Wednesday evening places to sleep were at a premium in that great city of hotels and lodging houses.

When the column passed the residence of Potter Palmer, from which Mrs. Grant viewed the procession, the old soldiers as they came opposite the widow of their great leader, instinctively took off their hats, and it was said that at this demonstration Mrs Grant remarked, "that act makes this one of the happiest moments of my life. I now know that the gallant soldiers he commanded have not forgotten him."

The meeting of the Society of the Army of the Tennessee, which followed, furnishes another illustrative demonstration of the high regard in which the old commanders are held. Every reference to either one of them by any of the speakers was a signal for loud and prolonged applause. To this state of things no loyal American citizen will object. It shows that the American people are not ungrateful and keep in kind remembrance those who have been instrumental in saving the government.

Rain-making in Kansas.

Melbourne, the rain-maker, has at last established confidence among the Kansans in his ability to produce rain, if he did, according to his own statement, fail to produce the rain he expected. He states that the cold nights have neutralized the effects of his work, and that, on this account, it was useless to continue the experiment for this season. Over against this, however, is the fact that the people of Northwestern Kansas say they have received more rain since Melbourne has been experimenting than ever fell in that section during the fall season. This, they are confident, was the result of the experiment and have agreed upon terms, if legal and constitutional arrangements can be made, to levy a tax for the purpose, by which Melbourne will be employed at an expense to the farmers of ten cents per cultivated acre to water next spring's crop in forty counties, containing about 2,000,000 acres. This contract will be made on the plan of no rain no pay.

THE St. Louis *Globe-Democrat* says: "The great mistake of Roger Q. Mills is chronological. He is proceeding upon the theory that a last year's bird's nest is adapted to service in this year's campaign. That is to say, his recent speeches in Ohio are at least 12 months late as to the most of their representations and wholly disregardful of the fact that important changes have occurred since the McKinley law went into operation. According to his story the country is now in a miserable plight, 'the depths of despair' as he phrases it, because of the Republican tariff system. Under that system, he declares the wages of labor have been reduced, the sources of employment have been curtailed, production has been paralyzed, consumption has been restricted and all manner of imaginable mischief has ensued. There was some pretext for such talk in the last campaign, when times were hard and misfortune of various kinds were being borne by the people; but the situation is entirely different at the present time. The facts are all of a bright and beneficial nature. There is no cloud in the sky of general prosperity. The crops are abundant, and they are bringing excellent prices. All forms of industry are doing reasonably well, and no man who is willing to work is obliged to be idle.

HENRY WATTERSON, in an interview in Chicago yesterday, openly expressed himself in favor of free trade, and pledged the Democratic party in favor of that system. Mr. Watterson thus gives the American workingmen notice that as soon as the Democratic party can bring it about they will be forced to compete, bare-footed and unsupported, with the cheapest labor of the world.

QUINCY *Whig:* Here is a nut for "tariff is a tax" shriekers to crack: Said a well-known Quincy dealer in notions and fancy goods yesterday, "three-fourths of my stock is imported, yet I will give any man $10 who will find one article in it higher in price now than it was a year ago." This single statement is worth more than a whole volume of tariff-is-a-tax theories.

Kept up for years—the offer that's made by the proprietors of Dr. Sage's Catarrh Remedy. It's addressed to *you*, if you have Catarrh. It's a reward of $500, if they can't cure you, no matter how bad your case, or of how long standing—an offer that's made in good faith by responsible men.

Think what it means! Absolute confidence in their Remedy, or they couldn't afford to take the risk. A long record of perfect and permanent cures of the worst cases—or they couldn't have faith in it. It means no more catarrh—or $500. If you fail to be cured, you won't fail to be paid.

But perhaps you won't believe it. Then there's another reason for trying it. Show that you can't be cured, and you'll get $500. It's a plain business offer. The makers of Dr. Sage's Catarrh Remedy will pay you that amount if they can't cure you. They know that they can—you think that they can't. If they're wrong, you get the cash. If you're wrong, you're rid of catarrh.

ESTABLISHED 1852.

PEDDECORD, BURROWS & CO.

BANKERS.

WE TRANSACT A GENERAL

BANKING BUSINESS

Same as an incorporated bank. Buy and Sell Exchange, Receive Deposits, Discount Business Paper,

LOAN MONEY on MORTGAGE SECURITY

Make Mortgage Investments for Customers and furnish them

SAFETY DEPOSIT BOXES

under private key, in OUR FIRE AND BURGLAR-PROOF VAULT, free of Charge.
jan17 1881-wtf

Poland and China Pigs FOR SALE.

The undersigned, on the Spangler Farm, 1½ miles east of Decatur, have a fine lot of Thoroughbred POLAND AND CHINA PIGS, male and female, which they will sell at low prices if purchased soon.
Sept 17-w3m BISHOP & RACE.

RAILROAD LANDS IN SOUTHERN ILLINOIS—Don't go elsewhere to buy lands for farms until you see Southern Illinois, where farmers and fruit growers have made in one year $3,200 off of 4 acres of strawberries, $2,600 off of 4 acres of tomatoes, $1,000 off of four acres of melons. Where apple orchards will yield from $300 to $500 per acre, and every product of the farm in early vegetables will be sent to the Chicago market, or any other point, on fast trains; where the farmer can raise the premium winter wheat of the world and where sheep can be raised for mutton and wool, on the hill lands at less cost and greater assurance of big profits than in any part of the United States. Special inducements and facilities offered by the Illinois Central R. R. Co. to go and examine these lands. For full description and map and any information, address or call upon E. P. Skene, Land Commissioner I. C. R. R. Co., 78 Michigan Ave., Chicago. oct1d&w6w

A Marvelous Display
OF
NEW FALL DRESS GOODS
And Cloaks.

For the past two months our buyers have been constantly adding FRESH NOVELTIES. No article that possesses merit has been overlooked. We can safely say that to-day our stock of Fall and Winter Dry Goods stands Unrivalled in the Western Market for SUPERIORITY AND LOW PRICES.

Dress Goods.

Everything New and Stylish for a Ladies' Costume will be found in this Department. All the Latest Shades in Bedford Cords, Henriettas, Serges, Camel's Hair, Ladies' Cloths, Broadcloths and French Cashmeres. New Rough Effects in Camel's Hairs, Novelty Plaids and Stripes. Our Fur-Tufted Novelty Robes at $10, $12.50 and $15, are unsurpassed by any house in this country.

Cloaks.

No house in the West shows a handsomer Line of Garments. Every new weave in Cloth Jackets, Cloth Capes, Fur Capes, Fur Trimmed Jackets, Astrakhan, Mink and Muffiffioon Trimmed Garments, Sealette and Plush Jackets and Serges. Also an Elegant Line of Children's Jackets, Long Cloaks and Ulsters, Infant's Cloaks and Wraps of every description.

LINN & SCRUGGS
Dry Goods and Carpet Company,

AGENTS FOR

The Celebrated "Centemeri" Kid Gloves, The Golden Rule Black Silk, The Hercules White Shirts and Butterick's Patterns.

School Shoes!
$1.00 $1.25

CHEAPEST
School Shoes!
$1.35 $1.50

AT

BUSHER'S

CLOCKS!

Now Is the Time to Buy Them.

I want to close out what Clocks I have in stock to make room for New Goods.

I handle only FIRST-CLASS, RELIABLE GOODS, and will sell them at Prices Lower than they have ever yet been sold.

I give a Guarantee with Every Clock sold.

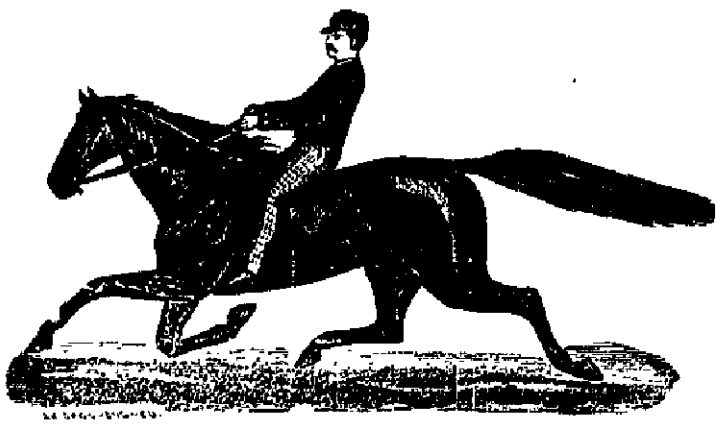
E. J. HARPSTRITE,
THE JEWELER.

148 East Prairie Street, East of Post Office.

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

GOING TO THE RACES



To Get a Knobby Suit Made.

Have you selected your Fall Suit and Overcoat yet? If not, remember that you will miss half your life if you do not examine our Mammoth Stock of PIECE GOODS. Our counters are fairly groaning with the Choicest Novelties the market affords, all the Latest Goods, all the Latest Shades in Suitings, Overcoatings and Trouserings. Gentlemen, the plain truth is "we are in it" heavier than ever this season, and why? for the reason that our increasing trade demands it; and with our increased facilities we are in better shape than ever to accommodate our customers.

You may chalk it down, gentlemen, that when you place an order with the "Race Clothing M'f'g Co." you will get a garment that cannot be excelled outside of the larger cities, in style, fit and workmanship. We are up to the times in every respect. We will give you one of those graceful, easy fits which, while it will fit you perfectly, will give you perfect ease. You will not regret it if you place your Fall order with the

RACE CLOTHING MANUF'G CO.,

129--135 North Water Street.

WE HAVE

"Got Them on the List."

Names of parties for whom Lytle & Eckels and THE LYTLE & ECKELS HARDWARE Co. have put in FURNACES since January, 1889:

Theron Powers, "
F. W. Green, "
F. M. Young, "
John Quiclan, "
Mrs. M. E. Mills, "
Chas. Murphy, "
Chas. T. Haigh, "
Mrs. Whitsit, "
S. M. Irwin, "
G. P. Hardy, "
G. P. Binne, "
Congregational Church, "
J. M. Dodd, "
Christian Church, Harristown.
A. H. Cope, Decatur.
M. Troutman, "
W. M. Bundy, "
Mrs. R. C Dumont, "
A. J. Stoutenborough, Maroa.
School Board, Town 4, Shelby county.
E. O. Smith, Moawequa.
C. P. Church, Bethany.
J. H. Culver, Decatur.
A. T. Summers, "
A. Shoemaker, "
J. H. Wilkinson, Bethany.
James A. Phillips, Decatur.
Anna B. Millikin Home, "
Cal Waggoner, "

LYTLE & ECKELS HARDWARE CO.

GO TO FREEMAN BROS.

—FOR—

Fine Shoes, School Shoes,
Good Shoes, Working Shoes,
Cheap Shoes, Sunday Shoes,

—WATER-PROOF GRAIN BOOTS—

For Farmers, Butchers and Brewers.

Decatur Agents for HAMILTON-BROWN SHOE CO.—Largest Factory in the World.

We sell Grover's Shoes for tender feet; Stribley's, Rockford, Strong & Carroll, and other lines too numerous to mention.

BOSTON SHOE COMPANY'S RUBBERS.

Remember the Place,

114 MERCHANT STREET, on the Old Square.

THE CIRCUIT COURT.

Verdict for $2500 Against the Wabash—Orders on the Dockets.

From Thursday's Daily.

Judge Vail waded through the common law docket this forenoon and heard arguments on demurrers. Considerable business was transacted.

COMMON LAW DOCKET.

R. P. Lytle, administrator of the estate of Harry F. Aldridge, deceased, vs. Wabash Railroad Company; trespass. Action for $5,000 damages for the loss of the life of said Aldridge. Trial by jury. Verdict, issues for the plaintiff, and damages assessed at $2500. Motion entered by defendant for a new trial.

L. S. Platt, executor, vs. Rockford Insurance Co., assumpsit. Leave to amend declaration.

William S. Morthland vs. Wabash Railroad Co., appellant, appeal. Jury waived and trial by court in progress.

Louis Holweg, doing business as Holweg & Reese, vs. Peter Perl et al; replevin. Dismissed by plaintiff.

Hatfield Milling Co. vs. T. A. Stecher; attachment. Default. Judgment for $37.72; special execution awarded.

Decatur Steam Bakery vs. T. A. Stecher; attachment. Default. Judgment for $44 93. Special execution awarded.

City of Decatur vs. John R. Dougherty, appellant; appeal. Continued by agreement.

Brown & Gerber vs. Madden & Dunbar; assumpsit. Demurrer to special plea overruled. Trial by jury pending.

Rose W. Weir & Co. vs. W. W. Foster; assumpsit. Default. Judgment for $74.35.

The Globe Soap Co. vs. W. W. Foster; assumpsit. Default. Judgment for $75.

Thurber Whyland Co. vs. W. W. Foster; assumpsit. Default. Judgment for $172.81.

Scott Winnings vs. J. W. Huddleston, appellant; appeal. Dismissed by agreement on file.

Val Blatz Brewing Co. vs. R. F. Kincaid; assumpsit. Dismissed by plaintiff.

R. B. Crouch & Co. vs. W. W. Foster; assumpsit. Default. Judgment for $39.75.

Keiser Bros. & Co vs. W. W. Foster; assumpsit. Default. Judgment for $216.

Fleischman & Co. vs. W. W. Foster; assumpsit. Default. Judgment for $80 38.

John W. Smith vs. Decatur Electric Street Railway Co; trespass on the case. Demurrer to declaration overruled.

CHANCERY DOCKET.

George W. Housman et al vs. Elmira Housman et al; partition Order of distribution made, and stricken.

Jocelyn H. Holmes vs. Robert F. Kincaid et al; foreclosure. Report of sale approved—$417.55. Execution for same awarded against Ole Johnson, and stricken.

Elias Ford and J. P. Earle vs. Jesse Lockhart et al; foreclosure. Report of master approved. Decree.

Diana Winter vs. Nathan Winter; divorce. Decree pro confesso.

From Friday's Daily.

Business was resumed in the circuit court this morning at the usual hour, and various motions disposed of. There were so many inside questions put in the Benarski insurance case that the jury had to retire several times so that Judge Vail could determine whether the testimony could be admitted.

COMMON LAW DOCKET.

Mary Benarski vs. The Standard Life and Accident Insurance Company; assumpsit. Action to recover $250 alleged to be due on a life insurance policy, the husband of the plaintiff having died as the result of a fall down a stairway. Trial by jury. The jurymen are J. M. Logan, John S. Stoy, C. H. Baker, J. T. Powell, T. B. Scott, Levi Moore, W. H. Torrence, C. L. Hadley, George Mertz, B. F. Bobo, Mr. Myers and Mr. Andrews. The insurance company refused to pay the face of the policy on the ground that at the time that Benarski met with the accident he was intoxicated. This is the claim of the company, and the attorneys for the defense endeavor to show that Benarski was intoxicated. It came out in the evidence that the company offered to compromise by paying $25, but the company would not admit that the widow had any claim on any part of the insurance.

The assumpsit case of Brown & Gerber vs. Madden & Dunbar was settled after a jury had been called and the action was dismissed at costs of the defendants.

In the attachment cases against Butler & Dempsey a number of defaults were taken.

CHANCERY DOCKET.

Marion A. Waterhouse vs. D. C. Corley et al; partition. Report of sale by C. C. Clark, a special commissioner, approved.

Dorr A. Kimball vs. Richard M. Tolladay et al; foreclosure. Decree pro confesso as to all defendants not answering the original bill.

Tillman Inlow vs. Mary Inlow; divorce. Evidence heard and decree as prayed.

Charles W. Devore et al vs. Alfred Alsbury; partition. Decree pro confesso and referred to master for conclusions of law and fact.

NOT INDICTED.

The grand jury last evening got rid of a lot of extra papers, when they made their report to Judge Vail. They returned a lot of bills, but there was not an indictment in the lot. All charges against the parties mentioned were ignored, and the following were ordered discharged from custody and bondsmen were released: Peter Smith, Charles Lambert, William Denny, William S. Keeley, Allie Jones, Daniel McGorray, John Dipper, J. G. Grubb, John B. Walters, W. H. Crawford, Ovid Wright, Ephraim Lining, Frank Burton and Henry Lambert.

From Saturday's Daily.

In the circuit court this forenoon another lot of defaults against Butler & Dempsey were taken and judgments entered. The judgments are against the Cheap Store stock of goods which was sold at auction by Constable Midkiff. The claims aggregate about $8,000.

GONE TO THE JURY.

The trial of Mrs. Mary Benarski against the Standard Life and Accident Insurance Company went to the jury to-day. The plaintiff brought suit to recover $250 alleged to be due on the policy held by her husband, who met his death by a fall down a stairway. This afternoon the jury brought in a verdict in favor of the defendants.

CRIMINAL CASES.

The trial of criminal cases on the docket will not commence until Monday, Oct. 19. Next week will be given up to hearing civil cases. There are 22 prisoners in the county jail.

THE GRAND JURY.

Last evening the grand jury brought in 20 indictments and retired to continue investigation of other cases. Six of the indictments returned are against Jack Medford, who is out on bail under $1,000 bond. He is somewhere in the West and will probably appear in court for trial on Oct. 19. If he fails to do so there will be a forfeiture of the bond and a capias will be issued. Two of the bills are against Croy for forgery. He is the young man who presented the Cronninger check at J. Millikin & Co.'s bank, and was caught through the agility of Parke Hammer, the cashier, who jumped through the window of the bank counter.

Judge Vail adjourned court at 1:30 until Monday at 1:30 p. m.

CHURCH MEETING.

Rev. W. H. Penhallegon was Elected Moderator of the Presbytery.

From Thursday's Daily.

The closing session of the Springfield Presbytery, which includes the Decatur church, was held at Williamsville in Sangamon county, yesterday.

Rev. W. H. Penhallegon, D. D., of Decatur, was elected moderator. The most important action was in reference to the amendment of the confession of faith. It having been decided a year ago that some kind of a revision was desirable, the General Assembly appointed a committee to formulate changes. This committee has prepared a partial report, which has been submitted to the Presbyteries for criticism, before being presented in the final form. The following action was taken on this report:

"The Presbytery of Springfield, having been almost evenly divided on the wisdom of attempting a revision of the Westminster Confession of Faith, expresses its cordial acceptance of the revision as formulated by the Assembly's committee, and approves the revision in general as the best practical expression of the views of the church at large. The Presbytery makes the following specific commendations and suggestions of changes in the report of the committee:

"We give particular approval to the new chapters ix and xi, on the Holy Spirit and the universal offer of the gospel, recommending, however, that the chapter on the Holy Spirit be, where possible, compressed, and any language not warranted by clear statements of scripture be eliminated.

"2. In chapter iv, 1, omit the word 'creative.'

"3 In chapter xxiv, 7, omit the words 'superstition and sinful.'

"4. In chapter xxvi, 3, omit the words in italics, adding to the first clause if thought desirable some positive statement in elucidation.

"5. In chapter xxxi, 2, omit 'Roman Catholic and 'abominably.'

"6. Omit chapter xxxii, 2, entirely."

Among other items of business were the dissolution of the pastoral relation between Rev. M. H. Ambrose and the church of Divernon, and Rev. A. G. Lane and the church of Mason City. Following were elected delegates to the Synod at Joliet: Ministers—J. M. Ross, A. H. Bates, D. S. Scharff, D. D, Gerrit Snyder, W. H. Penhallegon, D. D.; Elders—C. C. Brown, J. A. Stone, D. H. Heilman, E. T. Bullard, O. T. Wells.

The Eighth Regiment.

The old Eighth regiment of Illinois Vol. Infantry, which is to hold its reunion in Bloomington next Wednesday, has a record that is second to none for honor or service. It was the second regiment in the field from Illinois after the call for troops. This state sent six regiments to the Mexican War, hence when troops were raised for the rebellion the regiments were numbered from Seventh up: The Eighth was raised entirely from Central Illinois material. Ex-Governor Oglesby then lived in Decatur at the time he was elected colonel.

A Relic of Slavery Days.

A will was filed in the recorder's office this week that is somewhat of a curiosity. It is the testament of C. W. Short, of Jefferson county, Ky., made February 25, 1865. A daughter of the testator owns land near Danvers and, in order to make a sale of it, the will was filed here. The property bequeathed amounts to about $20,000. The curious part of the will is that which wills to the testator's daughter, Jane, a negro slave named Matilda, the slave being valued at $1200. A codicil is added which provides for the liberating of three slaves, David, William and Aaron in "such way as is conformable to the statutes of the state of Kentucky." —*Bloomington Pantagraph.*

Leonard Gets Four Years.

At Lincoln yesterday the trial of Alvin Leonard, charged with shooting Daniel Shookey on the night of August 24, while the latter was trying to capture the former after attempting to steal chickens, resulted in a verdict of guilty and a term of four years in the penitentiary. A sister of the accused, who accompanied him on the trip, confessed. In her case the jury disagreed. There remains to be tried another case against the two, accused of burglary and larceny.

THE following officers were elected for the ensuing year by the association of the Army of the Tennessee: President, General G. M. Dodge, of Iowa; Recording Secretary, Colonel C. Cadle, of Cincinnati; Corresponding Secretary, General Andreas Hickenlooper; Treasurer, General M. T. Force, Sandusky, Ohio; Vice President, General Walter Q. Gresham, Chicago; Major Samuel E. Barrett, Chicago; General G. B. Raum, Washington; Colonel Nelson Cole, St. Louis; Colonel D. W. C. Louden, Ohio; Major Charles Christiansen, St. Louis; Major O. C. Towne, Chicago; Colonel James U. McArthur, Buffalo, N. Y.; Lieutenant H. C. Adams, Minneapolis; Captain H. A. Castle, St. Paul; Major Hoyt Sherman, Des Moines; Captain R. H. Fleming, Kentucky.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

THE BEST SALVE in the world for cuts, bruises, sores, ulcers, salt rheum, fever sores, tetter, chapped hands, chilblains, corns, and all skin eruptions, and positively cures piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction, or your money refunded. Price, 25 cents per box. For sale by King & Wood, druggists. d&w

A NEW TIME CARD.

A Radical Change in the Train Service of the Wabash After Next Sunday.

From Thursday's Daily.

A new time card will go into effect on the Wabash on Sunday next, October 11, at 12:01 a. m., which will radically change the present train service on that road, and add much to the accommodation of the public. The card is the result of the deliberations of A. H. Lander, Wabash Master of Transportation, Trainmasters H. F. Houghton, of this city, W. C. Cotser, of Litchfield, and F. C. Palmer, of Springfield. These gentlemen passed two days in Springfield working up the card, and a proof sheet shows the new features of the service. Hereafter all the accommadation trains, with one exception, are to be run daily; heretofore they have run only six days in the week. The exception is the Effingham accommodation. Train Nos. 9 and 10, between St. Louis and Decatur, Conductor Jim Sears; train Nos. 47 and 48, between Decatur and Bluffs, Conductor Horace Morgan; train Nos. 46 and 47, between Decatur and Danville, Conductor George Jenkins, will, when the card goes into effect, run on Sunday, the same as on other days of the week. The cannon ball train, which now reaches Decatur from Chicago at 8:50 p. m., will be discontinued in the new plan; but the cannon ball train to Chicago from Decatur will leave this city every morning as heretofore. By the new plan this train will leave Chicago at 11:15 a. m., instead of at 2:30 p. m., as under the present plan, arriving at Decatur at 6:10 p. m.; it will be known as train No. 9. By this change Chicago passengers will be enabled to go on to St Louis or go west over the main line on what are now known as the accommodation trains, though the accommodation to St. Louis will be a continuation of the train between Chicago and this city There will be no other changes in the passenger train service.

THE RAILWAYS.

It is said that the Vanderbilts now own the Chesapeake and Ohio road.

The freight agents at Indianapolis have agreed that the practice of giving credit to merchants, on delivery of goods, must be stopped.

The Wabash, Burlington and Santa Fe roads are experimenting with burnt clay for ballast. It is the invention of a Wisconsin man.

The Alton has notified competing lines that in accordance with an established custom it will run an excursion from Alton, by way of Roodhouse and Jacksonville, to Chicago, October 14, at $3 50 for the round trip. Mr. Chandler, of the Wabash, applied to Chairman Finley, and as a consequence other roads have been authorized to do the same.

The committee on railroads of the Illinois State Board of Equalization has made its report. It shows a total of ninety-four railroads in the state, against eighty-two last year, the additions being small roads. The total assessment is $74,626,543, an increase of $1,937,157 over last year's assessment. The total mileage is 9,351 miles, against 9,229 last year. The report will undoubtedly be adopted by the board without any change.

Sales of Real Estate.

Jennie Vantress to J. R. B. McRoberts, deed to lot 20, block 3, Carver's addition, $145.

H. W. Waggoner to James Millikin, quit claim to lot 6, in Presbyterian church sub-division of lot 3, block 1, Cowan & Hostetler's addition, $1200.

B. H. Cothron to Samuel G. Davis, 46 acres in Mt. Zion township—$3,113.10.

Charles W. Barnett to John T. Barnett, lot in C. M. Barnett's addition—$300.

J. W. Butman to T. L. Evans, deed to residence property, lot 40x100 feet, in block 4, Oglesby's addition—$2800.

H. C. Smith to Elsworth Redman, deed to lot 7, block 1, Bellevue Place—$1000.

THE managing committee of the Peoria Young People's Society of Christian Endeavor expect to send some of their number to various points in the state for the purpose of working up the state convention. They expect to visit Decatur, Galesburg, Chicago, Bloomington and various other cities. This is the first time that anything of the kind has been attempted in connection with a state convention. There will be no occasion for the committe to stir up Decatur interest in the Peoria convention. We will be there in large numbers and will not be satisfied unless the '92 state meeting is held in this city.

Now Try This.

It will cost you nothing and will surely do you good, if you have a Cough, Cold, or any trouble with Throat, Chest or Lungs. Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, Coughs and Colds is guaranteed to give relief, or money will be paid back. Sufferers from La Grippe found it just the thing, and under its use had a speedy and perfect recovery. Try a sample bottle at our expense and learn for yourself just how good a thing it is. Trial bottles free, at King & Wood's drug store. Large size 50c and $1. d&w

ANOTHER fine Rembrandt has been purchased for the Royal Gallery at the Hague. It is signed, and is dated 1657, and is believed to be a portrait of the painter's mother, Adriaen Harmentzoon.

MR. CLAYTON PALMER, of Pleasant Ridge, Ohio, was afflicted with piles for over thirty-five years. He says: "I have had more relief from Chamberlain's Eye and Skin Ointment than anything else I ever used, and I have used many kinds. I am well of them, except the itching, and believe I will be entirely cured of that trouble, by using the ointment. I am willing to testify to its worth any time. 25-cent boxes for sale by W. F. Neisler, druggist. d&w

HAL POINTER THE VICTOR.

The Great Pacing Event at the Terre Haute Meeting.

From Thursday's Daily.

Many Decatur people are at Terre Haute to-day to see Nancy Hanks go against time. General Manager Burgoon and other officials of the Terre Haute & Peoria road went over on the special train.

HAL POINTER VS. DIRECT.

Yesterday at Terre Haute previous to the first heat of the unfinished match race the pools sold, Hal Pointer $50, Direct $25, with plenty of takers at both ends. Two pools of $2,000 to $950 each were sold. Fully $6,000 went into the pool box before the bell tapped. Hal Pointer had a little the best of the start. The first quarter pole was passed in :33¼. There was no change of positions to the half in 1:04¼. Down hill the eighth pace is quickened and 15 seconds marked the rate. They went to three quarters in 1:37 and Starr began to ply the whip. The stallion gamely answers to the call and they turn into the stretch at a terrific burst. Hal Pointer answers easily every effort of Direct. The black stallion is game, but nature cannot stand the clip. They go under the wire with Driver Geer's head turned watching Direct. Time 2:10¼.

No pools were sold on the last heat. The conclusion forced itself that Hal Pointer is unbeatable. At the second score they got the word. At the quarter in 33¼ seconds, Direct is a length back, Starr evidently holding back for a brush. The same position is maintained to the half in 1:07 and to the three-quarters in 1:40. Starr now rallies the black horse with the skill of a master reinsman. He is on to Hal Pointer's heels at the turn for home. At the distance stand Direct falters, but Starr gathers him up and with a great drive tries in sheer despiration for the heat. There is no use. Pointer had speed and endurance to spare and won in 2:12¾.

The Terre Haute Races.

From Friday's Daily.

Fifteen thousand people, among whom were many Decatur lovers of the sport, witnessed the races at Terre Haute yesterday. The weather was cool. Summaries:

2:23 Pace; purse $2,000:

Kissella Dallas	1	2	1	1
Walter Wilton	4	1	2	2
Rob Taylor	2	5	5	3
Fedalma	5	3	3	4
L. B. Curtis	3	4	4	5

Time—2:20, 2:19¾, 2:21, 2:17¾.

Edgewood stakes for 4-year-olds, value $1,170:

Fred S. Wilkes	1	1	1
Constantine	4	2	2
Jack Sheppard	2	5	5
Garnet	5	3	3
Lady Belle	3	4	4

Time—2:22¼, 2:20¼, 2:22.

After the second heat of the 2:21 trot Doble appeared with Nancy Hanks. It was seen that the great mare was not looking right, and as she scored down the first time to go against the world's record she went to a bad break, something she was never known to do before. On the third trial Doble nodded for the word. She was at the half in 1:06¾ and finished the mile in 2:11¾. Mr. Doble said he would make another effort, but the best Nancy Hanks could do after a bad break at the half was the mile in 2:13¾. The judges announced that the mare had been coughing for several days and was not in racing form.

The Colored Race.

The wealth of the colored people of the United States is estimated at $226,000,000.

George B. Jackson, colored, owns a ranch of 10,000 acres near San Diego, Cal., on which he has 6,000 head of sheep

There are 25,000 colored Catholics in the New Orleans diocese.

In the state of Mississippi there are 93,858 Baptists belonging to African churches, and 81,368 Methodists.

A Husband's Mistake.

Husbands too often permit wives, and parents their children, to suffer from headache, dizziness, neuralgia, sleeplessness, fits, nervousness, when by use of Dr. Miles' Restorative Nervine such serious results could easily be prevented. Druggists everywhere say it gives universal satisfaction, and has an immense sale. Woodworth & Co., of Fort Wayne, Ind.; Snow & Co., of Syracuse, N. Y.; J. O. Wolf, Hillsdale, Mich., and hundreds of others say "it is the greatest seller they ever knew." It contains no opiates. Trial bottles and fine book on Nervous Diseases, free, at W. C. Armstrong's.

It is Well to Remember

That every promise is a debt.

That newspaper criticisms are not always gospel.

That children hear more than grown people give them credit for.

That it's no disgrace to be poor, but mighty inconvenient.

That the man who smokes cigarettes is not necessarily brainless.

That the average man about town is a huge bore.

THE pain of a burn or scald is relieved almost instantly by Chamberlain's Pain Balm; besides it restores the parts to a healthy condition, and heals them in less time than by any other treatment. Without the burn or scald is very severe, it will not leave a scar. It is also invaluable for frost bites and chilblains. 50-cent bottles for sale by W. F. Neisler, druggist. d&w

"I SUPPOSE Jimpson when he struck the free-lunch counter fairly smacked his chops?" "No; the bar-keeper came around and smacked them for him."

Miles' Nerve and Liver Pills.

Act on a new principle—regulating the liver, stomach and bowels *through the nerves*. A new discovery. Dr. Miles' Pills speedily cure biliousness, bad taste, torpid liver, piles, constipation. Unequaled for men, women, children. Smallest, mildest, surest. 30 doses, 25 cts. Samples free, at W. C. Armstrong's drug store. d&w

UNCLE SAM has 1,000,000 French Canadians.

NEWSPAPER ARCHIVE®
NEWSPAPER ARCHIVE®

"I WANT YOUR MONEY."

"You Can't Have It" is What S. S. Burgess Said to a Burglar.

There was an exciting episode in the burglary line Sunday morning at 1:15 o'clock at the home of City Engineer Burgess on North Edward street, near the corner of Prairie Avenue. Mr. and Mrs. Burgess occupy a bedroom on the first floor of the two-story brick, and both were asleep. The window curtains were up and the light from the electric lamp at the street intersection made a slight illumination in the room. Mrs. Burgess was awakened suddenly, when she saw a large man passing between the bed and the window. She gave a piercing, feminine scream, which not only startled the intruder but served as an electric shock for Mr. Burgess who was instantly awakened. He, too, saw the man, and immediately Mr. Burgess rolled out of bed on the floor, hoping thereby to intercept the burglar, for such he proved to be. The burglar, however, was too quick for Mr. Burgess, and got past him. The burglar backed out into an adjoining room, and Mr. Burgess followed him. Mr. B. was considerably frightened and asked the man what he wanted.

"Hush; keep still; I want your money," was the reply.

"You can't have it," said Mr. Burgess, and all the time the burglar kept backing out, until he got to the front door, out of which he passed like a spectre. Mr. B. had the presence of mind not to make a rush for the thief. Had he done so there would have been bloodshed, and Mr. B. would have been the sufferer, for he was unarmed and was ill prepared to cope with the burglar who no doubt had a revolver or open knife in his hand ready for use in case of an assault. Mr. Burgess did not follow the man out into the yard. He concluded that he didn't want to see him outside, and after all the doors and windows were secured, the slumbers of the couple were continued.

During the short interval between the discovery of the robber and his departure Mrs. Burgess kept on screaming and crying "Help!" "Murder!" and "Police!" and when Mr B. returned to the room he found his wife with one of the windows raised. He didn't know but that she might make an effort to jump out of the window and it was a long time before he could get her nerves quieted. He knew that the robber had fled and he devoted his whole time in caring for Mrs. Burgess. Subsequently it was ascertained that the burglar had entered the house through the front door. The key had been left in the lock and the burglar, who was unquestionably a professional at his work, had used a pair of skeleton plyers, pushing it into the key-hole and getting a grip on the key, which with the tool can be easily turned, and the door unlocked from the outside. So far as known no article of value was taken. The bed had been pulled out from its accustomed place in the room and on retiring Mr. Burgess had placed his clothing on a chair which stood between the head of the bed and the wall. Doubtless the burglar was looking for the chair at the side of the bed or at the foot, when he was discovered. Had he gone to the head of the bed he could have got in and out without discovery and he would have been enriched to the amount of $50 and a fine watch which Mr. Burgess had in his vest pockets.

At the time of the attempted robbery Special Officer Clements was down on West Main street, attending to his duties. The burglar no doubt knew where he was at the time. Professional robbers always guard against possible discovery by police and watchmen.

Marshal Mason has obtained a pretty good description of the burglar and his apparel. He may be caught and identified.

BEEF PROSPECTS.

Scrub Stock Pays This Year, But Should Not Be Depended On.

In spite of the gloomy prospects which some stock raisers and breeders have depicted, well bred and well fatted cattle sell well. The exportations have been constantly increasing and we have every indication that this trade will be enormously increased the coming winter on account of the failure of the grain crops in Europe. The failure will affect the consumption of beef to a marked degree. It is noticeable in the pork trade at once, and there is no reason why heavier shipments of cattle should not follow. Heretofore Europe has not looked to America for beef for her laboring classes, who must live very cheaply, but she has come here to demand superior beef for the wealthier. Poor beef has never yet found a market in Europe. But some shippers are sanguine enough to think that in the present food crisis in Europe that it will pay to ship quantities of scrub stock for the poorer classes. This can be sold in the foreign markets at very reduced rates, and it may be that good profits could be realized from such shipments. But the great danger is that farmers and stock raisers finding their scrub stock paying this year will give up their system of improving the stock and expect as good returns another season from the poorer qualities of beef. It should be remembered that this is an exceptional year and one must be careful in drawing deductions from it. Scrub stock raising may pay occasionally, but as a rule it is a failure.

CITIZENS of Crawfordsville, Ind., subscribed $250,000 to pipe gas from Sheridan.

IMPORTANT IF TRUE.

The Law that Controls the Solar and Stellar Orbits Explained.

(Communicated.)

Astronomy furnishes abundant proof, during 2,000 years of observation, that the solar system and the stellar universe is in motion, not around a common center, as one astronomer declared and some others thought probable and necessary to the stability of the system, but that the stars are moving in all directions, yet seeming to occupy the same relative position during long ages. Also, that the sun has changed his course, as though following the arc of a great circle.

With regard to this mystery of motion the "Encyclopedia Britanica" says: "The siderial system is altogether more complicated and more varied in structure than has hitherto been supposed, in the same region of the stellar depths co-exist stars of many orders of real magnitude; all the nebular, gaseous or stellar planetary, ring-formed, elliptical and spiral exist within the limits of the siderial system, and lastly the whole system is alive with movements, the laws of which may one day be recognized, though at present they are too complex to be understood."

The writer (Proctor) evidently means to say that these laws have not been discovered or explained, and that is the reason of their being too complex. Kepler's laws were too complex before their discovery and demonstration.

After long study of these laws I am satisfied that there is a law controlling the sun and planets, as the latter sweep around him while he is moving through space at great speed (240 miles a minute), not laid down in the books, and, as far as I know, unexplained.

In addition to their revolution around the sun the planets have also his forward motion through space, and while passing in front of him, being attracted by him, they lose a part of that forward motion and move slower in the next half of their orbit till they are attracted by the sun again in the direction in which all are moving, when it must move faster and consequently will move through this part of its orbit in less time than in the other half. (This is in accordance with astronomic facts.)

Now, the planets attract the sun in proportion to their mass and by remaining longer on one side of the sun (the side inside his great circle) will draw him slightly in that direction. All the planets have an elliptical orbit with common force; all revolve around the sun in the same direction, and each by this law attracts him most in the same direction. This causes him to deviate in a straight line as he passes through space and he must revolve in a great circle as astronomers claim, without giving or explaining the law which is the cause of their motions.

Some poet has said:

"The undevout astronomer is mad."

And now have I bowed so low in adoration, as since I thought out how all this could be done through *His* wondrous laws, which none but infinite wisdom could have foreseen or established. Will someone who believes this world is a world of chance tell us how the solar system received its motions, making it a perfect perpetual motion. All the stars are drifting in different directions, and if they have attendant planets are circling in great orbits, controlled by the same law, in perfect harmony and safety. So there is no necessity of a great central sun to secure the stability of the universe.

L. J. TRUSSELL.
126 North Church street.

MUST STAY SOBER.

Under the New Ballot Law One Can't Vote with a "Jag On."

The new Australian ballot law recently passed in this state will receive its first general trial at the elections next spring. The first experience will be rather an awkward one, perhaps, to many. There are many little details which, while they will be simple enough after a little practice, may seem quite complicated at the first trial. At each polling place will be posted up a large placard containing full instructions as to the manner of voting. One of the specifications on the placard will be the conditions upon which a person may receive aid in preparing his ballot. In case he is physically unable to prepare his own ballot there may be admitted with him two persons, one of each political party. But the plea of physical disability will not be accepted in case of intoxication. This is a most wise provision, for otherwise all the party "workers" would have to do to "fix" their witness would be to get him drunk and then prepare his ballot for him.

Chicago Grain Market.

The following were the closing quotations in Chicago at 1:15 p. m. to-day, received by B. Z. Taylor, Secretary Decatur Grain Company:

LIVE STOCK—Estimated receipts—
Hogs—35,000; 15 lower.
Cattle—21,000; lower.
GRAIN—Our lots—
Wheat 350; Corn 62; Oats 161.

	OCT.	DEC.	MAY.
WHEAT	$ .96⅝	$ .96⅝	$1.04⅝
CORN	.55	Nov .49⅜	.42⅛
OATS	.27⅞	——	.31¼
	OCT.	JAN.	
PORK	$ 8.72½	$11.60	
LARD	6.42½	6.52½	
RIBS	6.42½	6.07½	

Died Last Evening.

From Saturday's Daily.

The infant son of Mr. and Mrs. Albert Miller died last evening at 10 o'clock at the home of George Stare on North Franklin street, of cholera infantum, aged four months.

Mr. and Mrs. Miller reside in Riverside, Cal., and are here attending the bedside of George Stare, Mrs. Miller's father, who is lying dangerously ill at his home on North Franklin street.

Wedding.

From Tuesday's Daily.

To-day at noon Miss Jennie Garver, daughter of Samuel B. Garver, druggist at Farmer City, a young lady related to the Garvers of Macon county, was united in marriage to Thomas Mitchell, a young Methodist minister, who is pursuing his studies at the DePaw University at Greencastle, Ind.

WHAT'S better for a wound than Salvation Oil? Echo answers: "What." We answer: "Nothing." "So say we all of us, so say we all!" Only 25 cents.

A poor unfortunate in Milwaukee is said to have sneezed himself to death. Alas! poor creature, living in the light of the nineteenth century and never heard of Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup. Well, this is more than Egyptian darkness!

THE CIRCUIT COURT.

Civil Cases on Trial—Disposition of Motions.

From Tuesday's Daily.

Judge Vail resumed business in the circuit court this morning at the usual hour.

COMMON LAW DOCKET.

A. E. Alvord, trustee, vs. Commonwealth Mutual Fire Insurance Co. of Decatur; assumpsit. General demurrer to pleas and special demurrer to 3d, 4th and 5th pleas.

A motion was entered by the plaintiff for a new trial in the assumpsit case of Mary Benarski vs. The Standard Life and Accident Insurance Company.

Hall Brothers vs. P., D. & E. Railroad, appellant; appeal. Trial by jury pending. The amount of the judgment at first trial was $100 for loss of fence alleged to have been caused by burning, started by sparks from a passing engine. The jury are William Barber, John Zithnell, E. S. McCarty, O. M. Scott, Franklin Muirhead, Berry Sears, Sol. Williamson, B. F. McCoy, C. F. Churchman, C. T. Kelham, W. A. Holman and Z. R. Prather.

The Spencer & Lehman Company vs. Leander Kincaid; confession. Judgment for $263 92 and immediate execution awarded.

CHANCERY DOCKET.

People of Illinois, etc., vs. Commonwealth Fire Insurance Co. of Decatur, chancery. Leave to settle with the Tennessee Agricultural works for $800, a loss of $2000.

Lorenzo J. Trussell vs. Rachel V. Trussell; divorce. Leave to amend bill by striking out charge of adultery.

Mary Heiser vs. James Milliken et al; injunction. Leave to amend bill.

Lincoln Steel vs. Yates Steel et al; foreclosure. Report of master approved. Decree.

Ellen Riney vs. Thomas D. and Nellie Riney; chancery. Referred to master for conclusions of law and fact.

John Dougherty vs. P. H. Hunt & Co; injunction. Motion entered by defendants to dissolve injunction.

Jay B. Campbell et al vs. F. H. Wood et al; partition. Referred to master.

Dorr A. Kimball vs. Richard M. Tolladay et al; foreclosure. Referred to master for conclusions of law and fact.

PEOPLE'S DOCKET.

Lewis Kinser; trespass. Defendant arraigned and pleaded guilty to one count and nolle as to others. Fined $3 and costs.

Harry Jacobs, Frank Bowersox and James R. Garrow; burglary and grand larceny. Motion by defendants to reduce bail from $800; motion allowed and bail reduced to $150 each.

SPECIAL JURYMEN.

A special venire was ordered issued this afternoon by Judge Vail for extra jurymen. Those drawn are James Hopkins, of Blue Mound; F. H. Ross, E. L. Martin, Jacob Houck, Isaac Rogan, Geo. Burch and O. B. Prescott, Decatur; Thos. Cramer and F. H. McMullin, of Friends Creek, and Michael Delaney, of Niantic.

From Wednesday's Daily.

Judge Vail is still hearing civil cases in the circuit court. It was expected that the grand jury would report more bills this forenoon, but there was no report up to 2:30 p. m.

COMMON LAW DOCKET.

Naomi Pierce Collins vs. William Harnsbarger; attachment. Motion to dismiss suit overruled.

Minneapolis Flour Co. vs. W. W. Foster, assumpsit. Default. Judgment for $48.25.

Hall Bros. vs. P., D. & E. Co., appellant; appeal. Verdict for the defendants, the P., D. & E. Motion for a new trial.

Barry Milling Co. vs. W. W. Foster; assumpsit. Default. Judgment for $126.51.

August Linstrom vs. Simeon Shaller, trespass. Trial by jury pending.

Funeral of Lottie Edna Neisler.

From Monday's Daily.

The services in connection with the funeral of the late Lottie Edna Neisler, only child of W. F. and Mary E. Neisler, were held at 10 a. m. to-day at the family residence, No. 357 West Eldorado street, in the presence of a large number of sympathizing friends. The interior of the house was draped with white crape, and there were many beautiful floral tributes from relatives and friends. Edna was born January 8, 1881, and died of peritonitis, after a brief illness, October 10th, last Saturday. Rev. W. J. McDavid, of Irving, conducted the funeral, assisted by Rev. W. C. Miller, of the First Congregational church, and Rev. W. H. Penhallegon, of the First Presbyterian church; the music was furnished by Misses Mame Freeman and Minnie Bachman, C. N. Brown and S. R. Gher. Two Sundays ago the children of the Congregational Sunday school sang "Precious Jewels," in preparation for a special service, and Edna was in the company of children. By special request the song, "Precious Jewels," was sung by Nina Buckmaster, Mary Tolladay, Minnie Halmbacher, Lillie Kramer, Ettie Ruddock, Alice Bevans, Mary Barnard, and Susie Tucker.

At the close of the impressive services as friends were departing all were given memorial cards. The interment was in Greenwood cemetery, the casket being placed in an iron case. The pallbearers were Ray Boyer, Elmer Smick, John Sessions, Frank Flynn, Earl Seiberling and Bert Fell. The honorary pallbearers were Roxy and Daisy Fletcher, Annie and Ettie Ruddock, Zoe Cheatham, Susie Tucker, Sue Marts and Edna Smick. The flower girls included Dot Dillehunt, Dessie Hausher and Ethel Quinlan.

Relatives and friends present from a distance were Mr. and Mrs. E. B. Randle, of Hillsboro, Ill., grandparents of the deceased; Fred. A. Randle, of Hillsboro; Mrs. Neisler, grandmother, D. W. Neisler and wife, I. M. Neisler, J. W. Brand, wife and daughter, all of Irving; John M. Neisler, of Litchfield; Mrs. E. R. Wright, of Taylorville; Mrs. A. B. McDavid and Mrs. Annie Spears, of Bethany, Ill.

At Rest.

The funeral of Anderson Franklin, who died Monday at Maron, in the 86th year of his age, took place Tuesday from the Presbyterian church, Rev. W. F. Gibson and Elder York officiating. The burial was with Masonic honors, in the Ridge cemetery.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

Sales of Real Estate.

R. J. Ogleeby to George Stark, deed to lots 16 and 18, in assessor's sub-division $500.

Ruth F. Robinson to Flora E. Wood, 5 acres in the southwest quarter of the northwest quarter of section 3, 16, 2 east, Decatur township, $300

Mahlon Haworth to S. S. Jack and O. M. Allison, about 2 acres lying just west of the Wabash right of way, near the old base ball park, $1800.

Hugh McRoberts to C. N. Denison, 15 acres in Friends Creek—$600

M. F. Robette to Sarah E. Roberts two lots in Mr. Zion township—$1.

C. E. Lindsay to Edna Lindsay a lot on Castrell street—$300.

J. M. Miller to Jacob B. Williams a 35 foot lot in Miller & Packards, addition—$425.

B. A. Wood to F. W. Brinkmeyer a lot on North Oakland avenue—$200.

William Thomas to R. S. Wilson two lots in Blue Mound—$1 000.

John Berger to H. C. Harrington a lot in Maron—no consideration given in deed.

Jane Chew to Eliza A. Montgomery two lots on Lincoln avenue near Union street—$500.

L. A. Mills et al to Eliza A. Montgomery, deed to North half of lot 7, block 6, Durfee & King's addition $2,200.

Anna A. Handy to John B. Freeman, deed to lot 5 Mills Bro addition $1,100.

Isaac H. Firey to W. H. Firey, deed to 80 acres in 5, 14, 1 East $4,750.

Abel B. Camp to Heber F. Camp, deed to 40 acres in 19, 16 4 east, $1,00 and love and affection.

Abel B. Camp to W. P. Camp, deed to 40 acres in 19, 16, 4 east, $1.00 and love and affection.

James Hobbs to E. F. Kuny, deed to lot 7, Warren & Co.'s 5th addition—$1200.

William Thomas to S. R. Wilson, deed to lots 3, 18, 19, and the west half of lot 20, all in block 1, Bolt's addition to Blue Mound—$1000.

Louis E. Lawley to Sarah J. Lawley, deed to lots 9 and 10, block 24, Railroad addition to Macon—$50.

W. H. Culbertson to George L. Siehr, deed to lots 3, 3, 5 and 6, block 14, Railroad addition to Macon—$250.

Martha E. Kennard to George L. Siehr, deed to lots 3, 4, 5 and 6, block 14, Railroad addition to Macon—$250.

Leona F. Wise et al to G. L. Siehr, deed to lots 3, 4, 5 and 6, block 14, Railroad addition to Macon—$250

J. B Culbertson to G. L. Siehr, deed to lots 3, 4, 5 and 6, block 14, Railroad addition to Macon—$250.

G. J. Culbertson to Geo. L. Siehr, deed to lots 3, 4, 5 and 6, block 14, Railroad addition to Macon—$250.

James M. Miller to Jacob B. Williams, deed to south 39 9 feet off lot 2, Miller & Packard's addition—$425.

Will M. Lewis to D. E. Brooks, lot 6 block 1 of Higgins' addition to Decatur, $1,150.

Joshua Huff to Cornelius Huff, quit claim to 80 acres in 5, 18, 4 east—$356.

Henry B. Smith to Amanda Trunnel, deed to lot 3, block 17, town of Maron—$250.

Minerva J. Saulman to A. T. Risley, the south half of the northeast quarter of the northwest quarter of the northwest quarter of 39, 15, 2 east, in South township—$562.

Catherine Quinn to Frank Quinn, lots 9 and 10 in block 3 in Ashmead's addition to Macon—$190.

J. A. Swearingen to C. N. Tweddell, 40 feet in width off the west side of the following described tract: lot 10 and the west half of lot 9 in block 2 of the Southwestern addition to Decatur—$1,850.

Joseph Michl et al to C. P. Scott, lot 2 in lot 1 of Leforgee & Patterson's addition to Decatur—$325.

Mary Hugenberger to J. A. Henry, Jr., lots 12, 13 and 14, all in block 1 of P. H. Brueck's addition to Decatur—$800.

Eliza J. Garver to Richard Smith, lot 7 in block 17 of Allen, McReynolds & Co.'s addition to Decatur—$1,600.

Adam Mathias to Henry C. Crawford, lot 6 block 3 in North addition to Decatur, $3,500.

Harry C. Hord to Julia M. Pitts, lot 7 in J. E. Warren & Co's seventh addition to Decatur, $1,250.

Henry A. Wood to Anna J. Dimock, lots 6, 7, 8, 9, 19 and 20 in block 3 of H. A. Wood's Walnut Grove addition to Decatur, $500.

Anna J. Dimock to Wm. Markwell, lots 6, 7, 8, 9, 19 and 20 in block 3 of H. A. Wood's Walnut Grove addition to Decatur, $1,200.

John A. Draper to J. P. Faris, lot 9 in block 1 of G. F. Wessels' addition to Decatur, $2,000.

M. Trotter to J. Millikin & Co., lot 1 and the east half of lot 2, all in block 1 in Durfee, Warren & Co.'s addition to Decatur; also the west half of lot E in Smith & Co.'s addition to Decatur, $2 000

Howard E. Tucker to Fannie E. Burch, 40 feet off of the west end of 120 feet off of the east end of lot 2, block 2, of W. A. Barnes' subdivision of outlots 3, 4, 5, and the west half of 6, of the Western addition to Decatur, save 24 feet off of the south side, which has been deeded to the city for the purpose of widening Cerro Gordo street; also a lot 40x150 feet in lot 2 in the Western addition to Decatur—$1050.

G. H Scott to Mary Rutherford, lot 1, block 4, H. A. Wood's west Park addition to Decatur—$750.

H. A. Wood to G. H. Scott, lot in block 1, H. A. Wood's West Park addition to Decatur.

John Cassell to John T. Linehan, deed to lot 8, block 5, Cassell's 4th addition—$1500.

John B. Searcy to Elmer Troutman, deed to lot 60x170 feet in 15, 16, 2 east—$1600.

Caroline M. Powers to Andrew Veech, deed to lots 1 to 7, block 1, Powers' 2d addition—$1600.

Catarrh Can't Be Cured

with LOCAL APPLICATIONS, as they cannot reach the seat of the disease. Catarrh is a blood or constitutional disease, and in order to cure it you have to take internal remedies Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, and acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces. Hall's Catarrh Cure is no quack medicine. It was prescribed by one of the best physicians in this country for years, and is a regular prescription. It is composed of the best tonics known, combined with the best blood purifiers, acting directly on the mucous surfaces. The perfect combination of the two ingredients is what produces such wonderful results in curing catarrh. Send for testimonials free.
F. J. CHENEY & CO., Props., Toledo, O.
Sold by Druggists, 75c.

THE "Boss" grain weigher, exhibited at the Kansas City inter-state fair by the Warren & Durfee manufacturing company, of this city, took first premium among the exhibits.

For Boils, Pimples
carbuncles,
scrofulous sores,
eczema, and all other
blood diseases,
take
Ayer's Sarsaparilla
It will
relieve and cure
dyspepsia, nervous
debility, and that
tired feeling.
Has Cured Others
will cure you.

Highway Notice.

Notice is hereby given that sealed proposals will be received by the undersigned, Commissioners of Highways of the town of Blue Mound, Macon county, and state of Illinois, at Boody in said town on

Saturday, October 24, 1891,

at the hour of 10 a. m., for the construction of a stone culvert near the intersection of the east line of the Wabash railway right of way with the center line east and west through section one in said town of Blue Mound, about one and one-half miles northeast of Boody.

The amount and kind of work to be done is as follows: Two walls of one width rock, each forty feet long and two and one-half feet wide at base, twenty-five feet long and one and one-half feet wide at the top; to be placed three feet apart and six feet high; to be covered with six rocks four by five feet square—rocks not less than ten inches thick. Rock in walls will not be less than twelve inches thick and not less than three feet long. Said culvert will be constructed according to the plans and specifications to be seen at the Town Clerk's office in said town of Blue Mound. The right to reject any or all bids is reserved.

SAMUEL DILLEHUNT,
E. R. MOFFETT,
FRED. BAILEY,
Commissioners of Highways.
oct15 w2w

NURSERY STOCK—It will soon be time to set shade trees and all kinds of nursery stock. Remember the Decatur Nursery Co., located west of the city. They sell the best trees in the country. Plant the celebrated California Poplar shade tree. HENRY TINCHER, General Manager. j27-d1f

FARMERS' COLUMN.

FOR SALE—First class rails at $4 per 100; fence posts at 100 each.
oct8wtf D. W. BRENNEMAN & BRO.

For Sale

Two fine Macon County Farms and other lands, at special bargains. JOHN A. BROWN,
july29-wtf Court House Block.

PUBLIC SALE of Hereford Cattle and Berkshire Hogs—I will offer at public sale at my farm, one and one-half miles south of Decatur on Wednesday, Oct. 28, two 5 year old registered Hereford cows; three 4 year old registered Hereford cows; all safe in calf; 2 of the above cows have bull calves that will be sold with the cows; two yearling Hereford heifers; one 3 year old registered Hereford bull; three bull calves from the above bull and cows that will do for service in the spring. Twelve Berkshire boars ready for service, from registered sire and dam; six choice gilts, six young sows that have raised one litter of pigs, six sows with pigs; fifteen choice shoats. Terms of sale—Hogs will be sold for cash; cattle on twelve months credit. No postponement on account of weather
J. G. IMBODEN.
D. P. Keller auctioneer.

GOOD FARM FOR SALE—A nicely cultivated farm of 100 acres, belonging to the estate of E. McDaniel, deceased, will be sold at public auction on the premises on Thursday, Oct. 22. Farm is two and one-half miles southeast of Boody, and is convenient to Elwin and Macon as well. Good new three-room house and good orchard. J. N. ODOR,
oct5d&wtd Executor.

MONEY to loan in large and small amounts. Loans made on live stock, farm implements, or household goods. All classes of loans negotiated on short notice. Loans on farms and city business property at 6 per cent interest. Apply to A. T. SUMMERS, over Boston Store.
july16d&wtf

PUBLIC SALE—Horses, Cattle and Farming Implements—I have concluded to quit farming, and offer all of my stock and farming implements at public auction. Everything will be sold. The sale will take place at my farm, one mile north of the Union Depot, opposite the Decatur race track, on Tuesday, October 27. The following horses, cattle and implements will be sold: Horses—4 work horses, 3 brood mares, 2 two-year-old geldings, 1 two-year-old Kelsey filly, 1 two-year old roadster filly, 2 yearling fillies (one draft and one Stoner Boy), 1 yearling draft stallion, 3 spring colts; 28 head of Cattle—consisting of 7 milch cows, 2 two-year-old heifers (soon fresh), 3 two-year-old steers, 6 yearling steers, 1 yearling heifer, 1 registered Shorthorn bull, 10 spring calves; 12 or 15 Shoats; Farming Implements—1 Wood binder, 1 Wood mower, 1 sulky plow, 1 walking plow, 2 wagons, 2 cultivators, and other articles. Sale to commence at 10 o'clock a. m. Lunch at noon. Terms—a credit of twelve months will be given, purchaser giving note with approved security. J. T. WARD, auctioneer. W. T. DILLEHUNT.

There will also be sold at the same time and place six head of milch cows belonging to the estate of the late Asa Kincaid. Same terms.
15 w2w

TAKE YOUR CHOICE

WAGGONER & DOWNING

Are the Leaders in

FALL SHOES.

HANANS FINE SHOES FOR GENTLEMEN.

GROVER'S Elegant Soft Shoes For Tender Feet.

GARDINER & ESTES' Handsome Parisian Shoes for Ladies.

PINGREE & SMITH'S School Shoes for Girls and Boys.

ENNIS' BEAUTIFUL SHOES for the Little Ones.

WAGGONER & DOWNING,
Post Office Shoe Store.

CARPETS
AND
Wall-Paper.

Now is the best time to buy, and
ABEL'S CARPET HOUSE
Is the Best place to buy.

Quality of Stock AWAY UP, and Prices AWAY DOWN, and don't you forget it.

NEWSPAPER ARCHIVE®
NEWSPAPER ARCHIVE®